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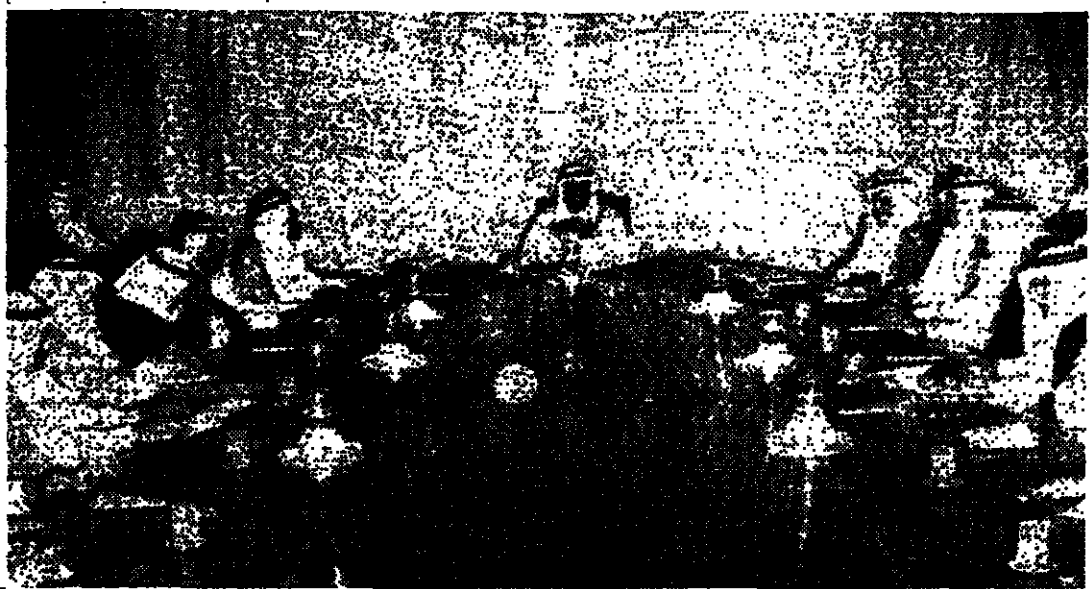
VOL. IV NO. 276

SUNDAY, MAY 20 — 1979 — JEDDAH 24 JAMAD-UL-THANI 1399 A.H.

SIXTEEN PAGES — ONE RIYAL

### Receives well-wishers

## Fahd chairs cabinet meeting



CABINET MEETING: Crown Prince Fahd presides over an extraordinary session of the Council of Ministers Saturday.

RIYADH, May 19 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd Saturday presided over an extraordinary session of the Council of Ministers.

After the meeting, Information Minister Dr. Abdo Yamani said that the council was briefed by Crown Prince Fahd on the results of his talks in France, West Germany, and Italy. Prince Fahd explained that these talks had a

positive outcome on the relations between Saudi Arabia and each of these countries. "It was also a good opportunity to clarify the Kingdom's firm and known position on the current fateful issues, a position which seeks a just and fair solution to the Arab cause," Prince Fahd said.

The council was also briefed on a report submitted by Minister of

Finance and Economy Muhammad Aba Al-Khalil on the state budget of the current fiscal year, Dr. Yamani said.

Prince Fahd also Saturday received a large number of well-wishers at the Royal Palace.

Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah attended the reception.

## Jordan rejects Begin's invitation to talks

AMMAN, May 19 (R) — Jordan Saturday rejected Israel's invitation to enter into peace negotiations describing it as an "open maneuver aimed at covering the irregularities of the peace agreement with Egypt."

Minister of Information Adnan Abu Odeh said that Israel's Prime Minister Menachem Begin, who Friday urged King Hussein to have peace negotiations with Israel, wanted "to consecrate the occupation of Arab territory."

"The problem does not lie in whether Jordan enters into negotiations or not. The problem lies in the commitment by Israel to total civilian and military withdrawal, the return of Jerusalem and a recognition of Palestinian rights including that of self-determination."

"These are things which Begin rejects and his invitation therefore is an open maneuver," Abu Odeh said.

In an interview broadcast by Israel's armed forces radio Friday, Begin invited King Hussein to enter into negotiations.

The Begin added that Israel would never agree to withdraw from the occupied West Bank.

A similar Israeli offer to Lebanon was rejected by the Beirut government last week.

The Jordanian daily newspaper "Al-Rai" said in an editorial Saturday that Begin realized more than anyone else that "the goods he is trying to sell under the slogan of peace can find no market anywhere other than Egypt."

"The problem between us ... is not that of peace. It is the problem of more than a million Palestinians suffering under the yoke of occupation and that of more than two million Palestinian refugees who have been displaced by the Zionist movement over three decades."

"We know that Begin's maneuver is aimed at cracking Arab positions and disintegrating Arab solidarity," the newspaper added.

### Received by Hassan

## Khaled starts Morocco visit

MIKNAS, Morocco, May 19 (SPA) — King Khaled arrived here Saturday on a five-day official visit to Morocco.

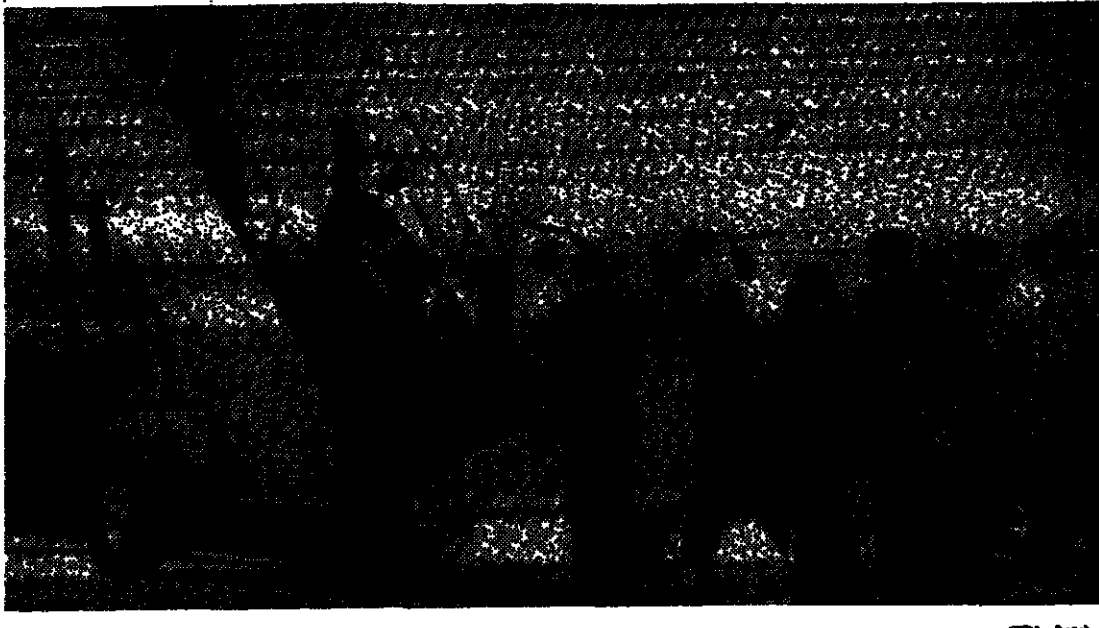
The King was received on arrival here by King Hassan and a host of senior government officials.

During his stay, King Khaled is expected to hold talks with King Hassan on the latest developments in the Middle East as well as Saudi-Moroccan relations, and other issues of mutual interest.

On his departure from Riyadh, King Khaled was seen off by Crown Prince Fahd, Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah, and a number of Royal Family members, ministers and senior officials.

The monarch is accompanied on his visit by Defense Minister Prince Sultan, Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal, Dr. Rashid Pharaon, the King's special adviser, Minister of Higher Education Sheikh Hassan Al-Sheikh, Minister of Communications Sheikh Hussain Mansouri, Sheikh Muhammad Al-Nuwaiser, chief of the Royal Court, and Sheikh Abdul Wahab, chief of the Royal Protocol.

As Morocco prepared to welcome King Khaled, the Moroccan press attached special importance to the visit.



IN MOROCCO: King Khaled being received by King Hassan on arrival at Miknas airport Saturday for a five-day official visit to Morocco.

"Al-Ahram" newspaper said that the summit meeting takes place "only a few days after the Islamic foreign ministers conference ended in Fez after discussing the future of Jerusalem and the Palestinian issue."

The paper said that the people of Morocco "looked up to the Saudi monarch with feelings of

deep affection and brotherhood as the guardian of the holy places." The paper hailed Saudi-Moroccan relations and said that the visit would further consolidate these ties.

"The summit," it said, "takes place at a time of great Islamic resurgence and in an atmosphere of confrontation with the Zionist

forces and their supporters. Consequently the meetings could be expected to bolster the Fez conference resolutions in the interest of Islam and Muslims."

Another newspaper, "L'Opinion," said the visit has special importance because of the circumstances which prevail in the Arab and Muslim worlds.

## Aramco production 8.1 mbd in '78; reserves increase

By Staff Reporter

DHAHRAN, May 19 — The Arabian American Oil Company produced an average of 8.1 million barrels a day last year and still managed to increase its proven and probable reserves above 1977 levels, the company announced Saturday.

In its 1978 annual report, Aramco reported proven oil reserves of 113.3 billion barrels and probable reserves of 177.8 billion barrels. In 1977, the corresponding figures were 110.4 billion and 177.6 billion.

Even with the Kingdom's increase in production late in 1978 to compensate for the world oil shortfall caused by the Iranian revolution, production for the whole of 1978 still came out well

under the government-imposed ceiling of 8.5 million barrels per day. Total production for the year was 2.9 billion barrels, or 17 per cent of the oil produced in the non-Communist world.

Average production in 1977 was 9.02 million barrels per day. Despite the fall in average crude production, Aramco increased refinery runs at the Ras Tanura facility to an average of 658,851 barrels per day of crude oil and natural gas liquids (NGL). NGL production average 249,341 barrels per day during 1978.

Construction of the Kingdom's natural gas collection system, which Aramco is managing, continued last year, with work starting on the 1,168-kilometer NGL pipeline between Sheddum and Yanbu during the summer. Work

at the Juy' mah NGL fractionating center passed the halfway mark, while site preparations began on a similar facility in Yanbu.

The gas collection system will be integrated in part with the Saudi Consolidated Electric Company (SCECO), another Aramco-managed project. SCECO production increased by 29 per cent last year. Generating capacity is scheduled to reach 5,000 megawatts by 1982.

Last year, Aramco injected an average of 11.4 million barrels per day of water into oil fields that needed reservoir pressure support. The largest seawater injection plant in the world, located at Qurayyah, became operational last year. Desalination capacity in the injection system was increased to 475,000 barrels per day.

## Buyers of Iranian oil asked to accept cuts

TEHRAN, May 19 (R) — Iran has asked some major foreign buyers of its oil to accept voluntary cuts in supplies of up to 15 per cent, a spokesman for the National Iranian Oil Company (NIOC) said Saturday.

He said that most of the buyers concerned, whom he declined to name, had already accepted the request.

Since it resumed oil exports after the February revolution, Iran has sold directly to buyers on term contracts rather than through the consortium of multinationals which previously marketed the country's oil.

The NIOC spokesman said the request to buyers had been made to mainly big volume contractors about 10 days ago. But sources close to Japanese oil buyers in Tehran said telexed notification of

the request had been received only last Thursday.

The latest NIOC figures show that Iran is exporting an average of 3.4 million barrels of crude oil a day.

The spokesman declined to say what total reduction Iran was aiming for through the request.

Earlier Friday Prime Minister Mehdi Bazargan said Iran was short of money and could not solve all the country's problems. "If the people do not cooperate with the government, the second stage of the revolution — reconstruction — will never be achieved," he said.

Bazargan, who has spoken repeatedly of Iran's economic problems, said it was the duty of the people to overcome Iran's difficulties for the government.

## Schlesinger says Carter rejected resignation offer

WASHINGTON, May 19 (R) — Energy Secretary James Schlesinger said Friday he had offered to quit but President Carter seemed reluctant to accept his resignation.

In a television interview with ABC's Barbara Walters, Schlesinger said he was not particularly anxious to continue as energy secretary but would stay on until Carter found a better replacement.

He added that Carter would find it difficult to get a volunteer to handle the country's energy problems.

In response to further questions, he said his unpopularity with members of Congress, some of whom consider him arrogant,

was because of the controversial nature of his job and not because of his personality.

Asked why Carter should not fire him because of mounting congressional criticism of his handling of the energy crisis, Schlesinger said: "Well, I have offered my resignation, I'm prepared to go but I am not sure how many volunteers there are going to be for this position."

"When I see a better replacement and the president chooses him I will be happy to go," he declared.

Schlesinger also said Saudi Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani had "indicated there will be a ceiling on Saudi Arabian oil production" in talks with him last week.

## As Israeli premier makes new declaration

## Sadat says Begin statements embarrassing

CAIRO, May 19 (Agencies) — President Anwar Sadat complained Saturday that Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin is always embarrassing him with other Arabs "and the fewer statements he makes the better."

At their last meeting, Sadat added, he told Begin "why are you so fond of embarrassing me" by making headline statements that play into the hands of Sadat's Arab critics.

Sadat gave no specifics, but Egyptian officials privately deplore Begin's insistence on establishing settlements in occupied territories and being less forthcoming on the Palestinians.

This, officials here say, only gives ammunition to Arab critics who have attacked Sadat for making separate peace with Israel.

Sadat was speaking to a delegation from the Bnai Brith Association who called on him in Alexandria. His remarks were reported by television crews admitted to the meeting at Sadat's summer home in the Mediterranean city.

The Egyptian and Israeli leaders last met in Cairo April 1 and 2 when Begin visited here. They are to meet again in the Sinai town of El Arish next week.

Referring to their coming meeting, Sadat said "yes we shall be starting the battle, you know Begin. He will raise hell and I will raise hell."

This reference was a foretaste of what was expected to be long and difficult negotiations between the two countries over the future of Palestinians living under Israeli occupation.

Shortly after Sadat's complaint, Begin said that one of the "greatest gains" of the Camp David agreement is that the Israeli army will remain in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

"There are many details to be worked out during the autonomy negotiations," Begin said in an Israeli radio interview Saturday.

"But according to the Camp David agreement, it is clear that we will be responsible for security in Judea, Samaria (West Bank) and the Gaza Strip."

The interview with Begin was connected with the anniversary

next week of the occupation of Jerusalem in the June War of 1967.

The prime minister opened with a statement on Jerusalem, stressing that it would "eternally remain the capital of Israel, as it always has been."

Begin said that although there were differences of opinion in the government approaching the talks with Egypt, he believed that there was unity on fundamental issues.

"There is no way that we will ever accept the establishment of an independent Palestinian state," Begin said. "At Camp David we agreed on autonomy — that the residents of Judea, Samaria and the Gaza strip would be able to run their own daily affairs. But autonomy is not a state."

An Israeli ministerial commit-

tee approved two days ago a 22-point plan giving Palestinians very limited self-rule and keeping the West Bank and Gaza effectively under Israeli control.

The cabinet endorses the plan on Monday, the proposals will be submitted to Egypt during the El Arish talks, but Egypt is expected to reject many of the points.

Israel's Defense Minister Ezer Weizman asked to be dropped from the talks following the committee meeting. He has been reported as strongly opposed to such a headline.

But opposition leader Shimon Peres said Saturday that the Israeli government had committed "catastrophic mistakes" in its handling of negotiations with Egypt over the Sinai and West Bank.

## U.S. military delegation arrives in Cairo today

CAIRO, May 19 (R) — A U.S. military delegation arrives in Cairo Sunday for talks with Egyptian defense officials on arms sales to this country, an American embassy spokesman said Saturday.

The spokesman said the talks were part of a series of meetings between Egypt and the U.S. on how Egypt would spend the \$1.5 billion it has been granted in military credits by Washington.

He said he had no knowledge that any formal arms deal would be signed during the visit.

He added that the delegation would be led by an official from the Defense Security Assistance Agency, part of the U.S. Defense Department.

The spokesman was commenting on a report in Saturday semi-official Cairo newspaper "Al-Ahram" that the delegation was coming to complete a \$1.5 billion arms deal.

"Al-Ahram" said the deal would include Phantom jet fighters, air defense missiles, naval units, electronic equipment and armored troop carriers.

All the items are on Egypt's arms shopping list.

The spokesman said he had no details on what type of arms the two sides would be discussing.

The \$1.5 billion military credit is part of a \$4.8 billion package for Egypt and Israel approved by the Senate earlier this week to bolster their new peace treaty.

Peres, speaking in a radio debate with Deputy Premier Yigael Yadin, attacked the agreement on withdrawal from Sinai and abandonment of Israeli settlement there.

He also denounced Begin's plan for limited autonomy for the Palestinians.

Meanwhile in Washington, the new United States ambassador at large for the Middle East, Robert Strauss, said Saturday he expected the expanded Egypt-Israel peace talks starting later this month of to be tough.

"We're obviously going to hear some pretty stiff positions," he said of the talks in Beersheba starting on May 25. "We're in for tough negotiations."

Strauss, who will head the U.S. delegation at the talks, was speaking to reporters on the eve of a two-week overseas trip by Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, which will include attending the opening session at Beersheba.

Strauss promised the United States would play a full role in the talks and that he would be a strong negotiator. "I want to start playing a dominant role. An active role. A controlling role," he said.

He added that the Beersheba talks were "a fresh beginning, a new process."

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## Kayyal says

## Phone system to get 175,000 lines in June

JEDDAH, May 19 — At the end of next month, 175,000 new automatic telephone lines will be installed and the network will increase to 750,000 lines by the middle of 1980, according to Minister of Post, Telegraph and Telephone Dr. Alawi Darwish Kayyal.

In a country which possessed less than 200,000 before the commencement of the SR10.8 billion automatic telephone expansion project last year, the increase marks a vast leap, Dr. Kayyal said in an interview with "Al-Bilad" newspaper. But the ministry has plans to install a further 285,000 lines by the end of 1981 to bring the total to one million. In the third Five-Year Plan, the ministry has requested appropriations for the addition of a further one million lines.

Of the lines to be installed next month, 25,000 have been allocated to Jeddah and 30,000 to Dammam with the remainder for smaller towns in Saudi Arabia. They have been installed under a contract awarded late in 1976 to a consortium of Swedish, Dutch and Canadian companies.

Dr. Kayyal said that the new telephone exchange now employed some 4,000 persons, aside from workers for the Korean contractor undertaking cable-laying.

The ministry has now completed studies to cover telephone expansion over the next 25 years, Dr. Kayyal said. The original contract called for 460,000 new lines to be installed by the end of the Second Plan next summer, but the contract has been increased "to meet requirements because of the swift development of recent years," he said. The Council of Ministers has also approved a proposal to complete cable-laying and civil works now for the additional 285,000 lines which will go into service by the end of 1981. This is to avoid the

## Naif ends northern tour, promises royal attention

RIYADH, May 19 (SPA) — Interior Minister Prince Naif returned to Riyadh Saturday after a week-long inspection tour of ministry facilities in the north.

Speaking at a reception in his honor before departure from Tabuk Saturday, Prince Naif said: "It is the duty of every official to

visit this district to hear what people have to say, whether they are officials or the public, and to help with their problems."

Prince Naif told the people of Tabuk that he would convey his impressions to the King and crown prince and "repeat the problems I have heard about, however small they may be, so that solutions will be found."

Earlier Saturday, Prince Naif toured the Royal Saudi Air Force Base at Tabuk and had lunch with the men of the King Abdul Aziz brigade. The armed forces, he said, had the duty to defend the people and the faith just as the security forces had to stamp out crime and civil disturbance.

"We are proud to be honored with the protection of the Holy Places and our joy will be complete when Jerusalem is restored to the Arabs and Muslims," Prince Naif told the officers.

He praised the Ministry of Defense and the minister, Prince Sultan, for their efforts to upgrade the armed forces.



RIBBON-CUTTING: Minister of PTT Dr. Alawi Darwish inaugurates part of the new network for Riyadh in March of last year.

needed to do the work all over again, Dr. Kayyal said.

Turning to the Third Plan, Dr. Kayyal said that his ministry was now reviewing the number of telephones required by 1985 with the Ministry of Finance and National Economy. "We have actually put in a demand for a further one million lines, which will give a national network of two million lines by the end of the Third Plan," he said.

The present network is being laid to absorb expansion with the minimum of disruption, Dr. Kayyal said. The creation of new towns or settlements will automatically include a study of telephone requirements, he said.

The minister said that there were also plans for a reform in the registration of telephones. At present, telephones are installed in the name of the landlord. This will shortly change and the telephone will be registered in the name of the tenant. If he moves, he must inform the ministry as is the case with electricity and water supplies and the service will be cut off until the house is occupied again, the minister said.

Eventually, the ministry plans expansion of the network to provide a telephone for every resident with immediate installation on request.

## Children's week begins in Riyadh

JEDDAH, May 19 — Four thousand primary school students launched children's week in Riyadh Saturday, according to "Al-Jazirah" newspaper. Around 800 students were to gather at the university's recreation center to perform plays, take part in games and seminars and attend lectures. The participants will be awarded prizes from an SR 50,000 fund, the paper said.

## Gulf central bank heads to meet

RIYADH, May 19 (SPA) — The fourth meeting of governors of Gulf Central Banks will begin here Tuesday, it was announced Saturday. The quarterly session will be attended by Iraq, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Oman and Saudi Arabia.

## Chad education minister here

RIYADH, May 19 (SPA) — Chad's Minister of Higher Education Khayyar Omar Daifallah arrived here Saturday on a visit to the Kingdom that is to last several days.

## King's Cup

## Ittihad garners glory

## Hilal, Wehda upset in Cup second round

By David Smith

JEDDAH, May 19 — The King's Cup second round produced enough of shocks and nerve-tangling finishes to satisfy the most discerning of soccer supporters. After the excitement had died down the eight sides who go forward into the quarter-finals include three of the favorites Nasr, Ittihad and Ahli; Two other teams from the Premier Division — Ittifaq and Riyadh, and three underdogs from the First Division — Khaliq Rabi and Rodha.

The most notable victory was Ittihad's. Dettmar Cramer's side defeated the Premier Division champion Hilal in Riyadh Friday, in a fierce match which would have graced the Cup Final and was eventually resolved by a penalty-kick decider.

After a goalless first half during which both Ittihad's Abu Samra and Hilal's Habbshi were booked, Hilal took the lead two minutes into the second period. Inevitably it was Brazilian midfielder Roberto Rivelino who scored the goal with a scorching free-kick from 35 yards which rocketed into the net off the underside of the crossbar.

Two minutes later, Ittihad was level. Theo Buecker's low corner was missed by a cluster of players at the near post and fell to center-back Hamid Subhi who wasted no time in slamming the

ball past goalkeeper Ibrahim Yousif.

With the scores level both sides went all out for the winner and, with the tension rising, Issa Hamdan and Najib Imam were both booked. With 12 minutes to go, Ittihad looked to have the game won, and it was another Buecker corner from the left wing that led to the goal. As the German's cross floated into the center of the goalmouth, Swedish center-forward Tomas Sjoberg gained a vital yard on his markers to send a glancing header into the net.

## Spurred

Hilal, spurred on by an excellent midfield performance where Ammar and Al-Umda were prominent, fought back to save the match and in the 83rd minute Rivelino picked up the ball on the left wing and sent a perfect chip into the Ittihad penalty area for Najib Imam to run in and nod the ball past the despairing Alaa Rawas, and send the game into extra time.

The furious pace continued in extra time with Abu Samra's header cleared off the Hilal line and Rivelino hitting the crossbar from 40 yards. But neither side was able to make the decisive breakthrough.

## Penalties

In the penalty kick decider, Rivelino scored for Hilal and Issa Hawaja replied for Ittihad. Samir Sultan followed for Hilal and Sjoberg equalized for Ittihad.



COACH: Ittihad's Cramer must have his eye on the Cup to cap his first year with the Jeddah club.

Both sides completed the first round of five kicks each with a 100 per cent record and the score stood at 7-7.

The round of penalties continued on a knock-out basis with the first team to gain an advantage winning the tie.

Ammar scored for Hilal, Issa Hamdan for Ittihad. Al-Umda for Hilal and Malki for Ittihad made the score 9-9 when Hilal goalkeeper Ibrahim Yousif stepped up to take the tenth kick. His right-foot short lacked power and Ittihad goalkeeper Rawas was able to dive to his right and turn the ball away. Al-Najda coolly slotted home his penalty and Ittihad had won 10-9, to the delight of the large Jeddah support that had followed the team to Riyadh.

## Fine

This was a fine result for Ittihad, and coach Cramer must have his sights on capping his first season with the club with a King's Cup triumph. The side has still to face sides of the caliber of Nasr and possibly a final confrontation with Jeddah rival Ahli. On this form, it need fear no-one.

Theo Buecker, faced with a cohesive Hilal midfield, was not able to achieve his usual dominance in this area, but the Duisberg ex-player was still the inspiration behind the Ittihad victory.

But the Ittihad defense was decisive. Although at fault with Hilal's second goal, central defenders Issa Hawaja and Hamid Subhi were in determined mood, and gave Hilal strikers Sultan bin Nassib and Najib Imam few opportunities to show their scoring power.

Cramer also must have been pleased with the showing of Othman Marzooq. The young midfielder was constantly in action, and showed no little measure of skill against experienced opponents.

The major surprise of the round was the defeat of Wehda by First Division side Al-Khaliq. The Mecca side has had a disappointing season and this 1-0 defeat was a sad end to a year in which it has scored only 18 goals in 20 competitive matches.

A second Premier Division side



RAWAS: Crucial save to go out to a team from the 10 divisions was Atayi, already relegated from the Premier League and now defeated 3-1 by Rabi al-Khaliq.

In the all-Premier Division clash, Riyadh's Nasr defeated Kadasia, 3-1, with goals by Daish and two from Majid Abdul Cup holder Ahli moved into last eighth with an unconvincing 1-0 win over Shebab. Imad Kaly scored the only goal for Jeddah side, for whom Tarek D missed a penalty.

Defeated finalist last season Riyadh made the quarter-final a 5-1 win over Salam, while Ittihad had a narrow 1-0 victory over Taawun.

In the only tie between two Premier Division sides, Rodha defeated Nakheel, 1-0, and join Rabi al-Khaliq as First Division representatives in the last eight.

King's Cup second round	
Kadasia	1 Nasr
Rodha	2 Ittihad
(Ittihad wins 9-7 on penalties)	
Atayi	5 Salam
Riyadh	0 Khaliq
Wehda	5 Khaliq
Ittifaq	1 Taawun
Rodha	1 Nakheel
Ahli	1 Shebab

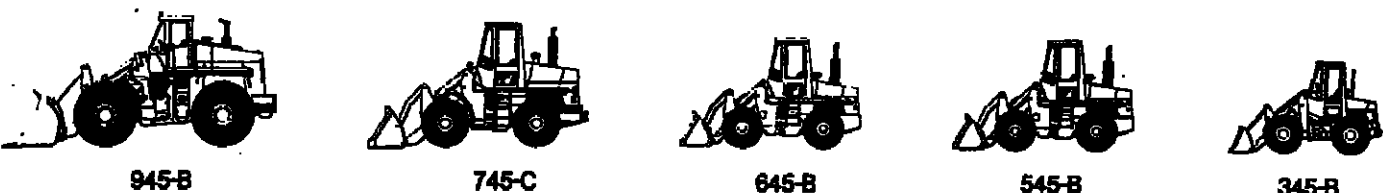
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Nasr vs. Rabi  
Ittihad vs. Riyadh  
Ahli vs. Rodha  
Ittifaq vs. Khaliq

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**Kerr-McGee to appeal****Silkwood estate to use award to continue anti-nuclear battle**

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla. May 19 (AP) — At least part of the \$10.5 million awarded to the heirs of Karen Silkwood because she was contaminated by plutonium will be used by her estate to fight the dismissal of two conspiracy counts against Kerr-McGee Corp., the energy conglomerate which a jury found at fault.

At the same time, the firm also plans to appeal, in an effort to set aside the judgement entirely.

The ruling, if it stands, could leave U.S. nuclear firms highly accountable for a wide range of accidents, even if they take careful precautions against them.

A three-man, three-woman jury returned the verdict against Kerr-McGee Friday after about 21 hours of deliberations. They found the firm had negligently operated its nuclear fuel processing plant near Crescent, Oklahoma.

And since this was apparently the first example of such a ruling, the judge and jury may set a legal precedent that a nuclear company can be held "strictly liable" for radioactive contamination outside its facilities.

Bill Silkwood, Miss Silkwood's father and the administrator of her estate, said later that he has agreed to take out a loan against the judgement to be used for appealing the dismissal of the two civil rights conspiracy charges from the lawsuit.

The two dismissed conspiracy counts name more than 20 Kerr-McGee executives and employees as defendants along with several Federal Bureau of Investigation agents.

Bill Paul, Kerr-McGee's chief counsel, said he was confident Kerr-McGee can win its own appeals on the verdict.

Except for attorneys' fees, the award goes to Miss Silkwood's heirs, her three young children. She was divorced in 1972 and resumed use of her maiden name.

Miss Silkwood worked as a laboratory technician at the Crescent Plant. She was 28 when she died in a Nov. 13, 1974 car crash the week after being contaminated.

Kerr-McGee attempted to prove she accidentally contaminated herself with plutonium she stole from the plant.

The night she was killed, Miss Silkwood was en route to meet a "New York Times" reporter and an atomic workers union official to deliver alleged documentation of her claims that Kerr-McGee was hiding serious defects in its nuclear fuel rods by falsifying quality reports.



Sen. Howard Baker

**Baker seeking SALT changes before approval**

NEW YORK, May 19 (R) — Senate Republican leader Howard Baker said Friday the U.S.-Soviet strategic arms limitation treaty (SALT II) was unlikely to win Senate approval without certain modifications.

Baker told the New York Forum, a local press group, that he would go "to virtually any lengths" to help President Jimmy Carter win Senate ratification of the accord.

But if Carter refused to make changes to the treaty, he would be trying to win Senate approval "in the worst possible way," Baker said.

Baker, a contender for the Republican presidential nomination, declined to say what modifications the Senate might seek.

But he said the Soviet Union would agree to some changes because "they want this treaty very much."

Carter and President Leonid Brezhnev will sign the accord in Vienna next month. But the bill requires Senate ratification to enter into force.

Ratification is uncertain because SALT critics in the Senate fear the agreement gives the Soviet Union military superiority and that Soviet cheating could go unchecked.

Baker also described Carter's African policy as outdated and urged the administration to recognize Rhodesia's new black government.

**U.S. urged to lift Cuba economic boycott**

CANCUN, Mexico, May 19 (AP) — Presidents Fidel Castro of Cuba and Jose Lopez Portillo of Mexico demanded Friday that the United States end its economic blockade of Cuba and "eliminate" its military base there. Their statement came as Castro ended a two-day official visit to Mexico.

The communique called on the U.S. to adhere to a United Nations resolution which bans military bases maintained against the will of the country where they are located. The U.S. has refused to vacate its naval base at Guantanamo, Cuba.

They also demanded an end to all acts of economic aggression against Latin American countries "because they are in violation of the peaceful coexistence between nations and the principles and objectives in the Charter of the United Nations."

The document, issued as Castro was boarding his jet to return to Cuba, said, "It is in this sense that we express the need to end the economic blockade imposed on the people of Cuba."

Castro and Lopez Portillo also declared their "firm support for the struggle of the people and the

government of Panama to regain full sovereignty over their canal."

The communique called on the United Nations to continue the search for "formulas that permit self-determination and independence of the people of Zimbabwe and Namibia (Rhodesia and

South-West Africa)."

It said the presidents "pointed out the international economic crisis that affects all of humanity and that falls in particular on developing countries."

They recognized "the problems of energy and food scarcities

which aggravate the general crisis and demanded a regionalization of the economy on a world level."

Castro reiterated his support for Lopez Portillo for considering energy crisis "as a common responsibility of all humanity."

**Cautious note on detente****Britain to step up defense spending**

LONDON, May 19 (AP) — Britain, under its new Conservative government, will strengthen the country's "dangerously low" defenses and take a firm line on East-West detente, the Lord Privy Seal, Sir Ian Gilmour, says.

"Detente is nonsense if it means no more than something preached by top Russians and practiced only by the West," Gilmour told the House of Commons Friday.

"We will work with our allies to

protect Western interests in an increasingly threatening world and against the backdrop of Soviet actions which have called into question the very meaning and value of detente."

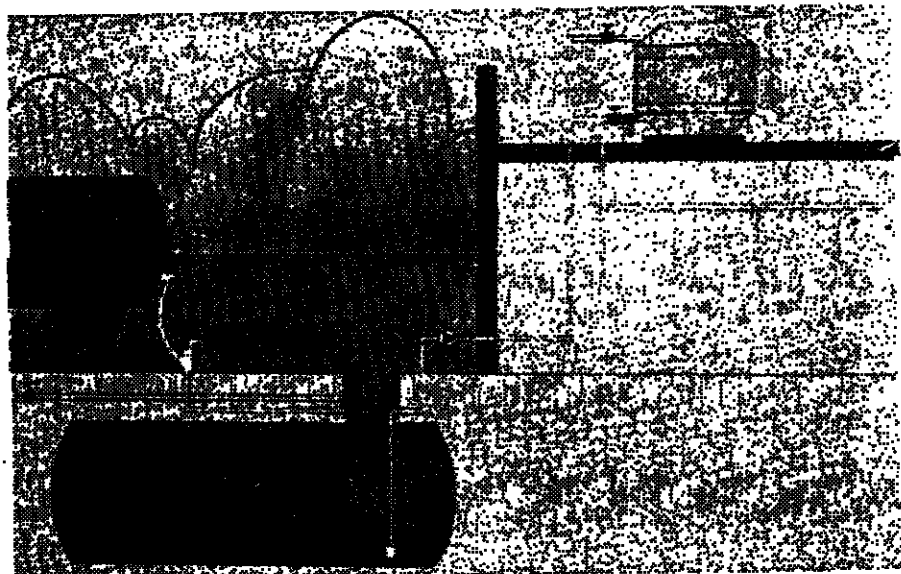
Gilmour, spokesman in the Commons for Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, said that alongside this policy, the Conservatives would work for improved East-West relations.

The government also welcomed

the U.S.-Soviet strategic arms limitation treaty. Gilmour said

But he added, "It is a dangerous delusion to imagine we can obliterate the need for strong defense swaddling ourselves in the vaguest comfortable language of international goodwill."

During two weeks in office, Conservatives have already the pay of the police and forces. Higher defense spending is expected in the budget.

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**Senate includes 19 millionaires, statements reveal**

WASHINGTON, May 19 (AP) — John Danforth has his millions invested in cereal and dog food, and John Heinz has his in soup, pickles and ketchup.

Bill Bradley still draws \$122,000 a year from his old professional basketball team, the New York Knicks. Elizabeth Taylor's husband, John Warner, owns more than 3,300 acres of land among the plush horse farms of northern Virginia.

They are among the millionaires in the U.S. Senate, a 100-member club where great wealth is commonplace.

Financial statements released Friday reveal 19 senators with assets over \$1 million and 18 others with personal wealth that could total that much and more.

**Convicted of murder****Florida to execute 2 men**

TALLAHASSEE, Fla. May 19 (AP) — Gov. Bob Graham signed the death warrants of two Florida death row inmates Friday and ordered their executions to take place within one week.

Authorities immediately scheduled inmates John A. Spunkelink and Willie Jasper Darden to die in the electric chair Wednesday morning.

The executions would be the first in the nation since Gary Mark Gilmore was executed by a Utah firing squad in January 1977 and

the first in Florida since 1964.

Graham had not been expected to sign any warrants other than that of Spunkelink, convicted of murdering a traveling companion, Ohio parole violator Joseph Szymankiewicz, in a Tallahassee motel in 1973.

Darden was convicted of the 1974 slaying of a furniture store owner, James Turman. His conviction was upheld by the Florida Supreme Court in 1976 and the U.S. Supreme Court declined review of the case in 1977.

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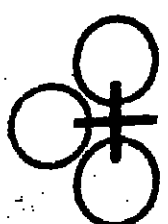
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## Hermann Eilts' view of Egypt

By Thomas Lippman

CAIRO — When Hermann Eilts arrived here to prepare for the resumption of diplomatic relations between Egypt and the United States, the official American presence consisted of six people working under the flag of Spain in an American "interests section."

Now that Eilts is retiring after five dramatic years as U.S. ambassador, the embassy has a staff of about 190 and is still growing. Eilts said recently that is too many and warned that American interests in Egypt could be jeopardized by the relentless expansion that has involved Americans in Egypt's political, social, economic and now military affairs.

"All of us remember Iran," he said, "and while this is nothing like Iran, it could get out of hand. It's a mistake." Eilts, who struggled in vain for five years to hold down the size of his staff — "I like to have a few people who will work overtime" — said he had made this point with Washington and hoped his successor, Alfred Atherton, would resist the desire of government agencies to send in "a lot of straphangers."

Eilts, 57, is a respected career diplomat for his devotion to hard work, attention to detail, crew cut and indifference to sartorial fashion. He has always been reluctant to be interviewed, but now that the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty is in effect and he is moving on to a professorship at Boston University, he consented to discuss his views of Egypt, the Palestinian autonomy negotiations and American policy in the region.

In a wide-ranging interview in his office, he predicted that the forthcoming negotiations over the future of the West Bank and Gaza Strip would be "tough" and would yield little for many months. He acknowledged that the United States had failed to persuade "our Arab friends" in other countries to support the treaty. And he stressed his "worry" that the mushrooming American presence here could somehow backfire.

President Anwar Sadat, with whom Eilts has worked closely during a tenure in which the United States has totally replaced the Soviet Union as the dominant outside influence on Egypt, is frequently accused by other Arab leaders of having become a tool of American policy in the Middle East.

The peace treaty has been attacked as an American-inspired document that undercuts Arab interests. Eilts said he was concerned that further growth of the American presence and influence here could make matters worse for both Egypt and the United States.

Eilts noted that the outcome of the autonomy negotiations "at some point is going to depend on us" because "I have difficulty believing that the two parties themselves can work out the kind of mutually acceptable arrangements that each requires."

What worries him, he said, is "the flush of unthinking enthusiasm that exists in some quarters in the wake of the peace process and the belief that simply by the visibility of the numbers of people rather than the visibility of the actions themselves we can handle the situation."

"It's not the numbers themselves, it's producing on the basic issues of West Bank and Gaza autonomy and economic development but I worry that everyone now wants to get into the act even if his contribution is a very marginal one and that can hurt us."

He did not specify which government agencies he was talking about — many of them, from the U.S. Air Force to the Central Intelligence Agency to the Department of Agriculture are already represented here — but he said the "biggest vulnerability" was in the Agency for International Development. Aid is administering the billion-dollar-a-year economic assistance program and accounts for more than 100 of the 190 officials assigned to the embassy.

Eilts acknowledged that "you cannot run a billion dollar program without the people to monitor it very closely." But what is important now for the United States, he said, is not to show the flag in Egypt but to devote its energies to helping Egypt and Israel make progress in the autonomy negotiations and restore good American relations with Arab critics of the treaty.

Relations with formerly friendly Arab countries such as Jordan, Saudi Arabia and Morocco, he said, are "not good. They want good relations with us and we with them. But I believe words will not be enough to allay their concern. I think we are going to have to demonstrate at the upcoming negotiations that what President Carter and the other members of his administration have said about the Palestinians is something we will do our very best to achieve. Unless we are able to achieve it, then I think these strains could last a long time."

Eilts, a former ambassador to Saudi Arabia who has spent most of his career in the Middle East, said he understood Arab criticism that the United States has not put into practice its own declared policies on the Palestinian question and the issue of Jewish settlements in the West Bank.

"Somehow," he said, "we haven't done a good selling job in putting across to our friends in the area that we really mean what we have said in terms of doing something for the Palestinians and bringing about a peace in the area that is a just and durable one for all parties. We will have to demonstrate it by our role in the negotiations."

At the same time, however, he said that some Arab countries are adhering to "maximalist" positions that have been fruitless for 30 years, without understanding the process of negotiation. "It's easy for those in the outer circle to kibitz."

Eilts said that while the United States has failed to block Jewish settlement in the West Bank, it is "unfair to criticize simply because we don't take the kind of steps some of our Arab friends would like, such as cutting off economic or military aid. That simply is not feasible, nor even desirable."

In discussing his apprehensions about the autonomy negotiations and Arab criticism of the treaty, Eilts spoke quietly and dispassionately, as he always does. During his years in Cairo, he earned a reputation for unflappable self-control that served him well through extraordinary events. (WP)



## Advance in strategic missilery nears end?

By Don Oberdorfer

WASHINGTON — On a wintry evening in early 1977 a National Security Council official named Roger Molander and his wife experimented with Irish coffee. Afterward Molander, who had been working for weeks on proposals for the strategic arms negotiations with the Soviet Union, could not get to sleep. In his post-midnight restiveness, he had an idea.

Jimmy Carter had come to the presidency advocating deep cuts in the strategic nuclear arsenals of the superpowers, and also proposing limits on the relentless technological improvements that have made each new generation of weapons more devastating than the last. Molander's idea was to implement Carter's policy by proposing that the superpowers ban all new intercontinental ballistic missiles. The United States would offer to stop the development, testing and deployment of the proposed MX missile and other such programs if the Soviets would do the same.

Molander's suggestion was examined and adopted in the White House, but in March 1977 this and other Carter administration proposals were summarily rejected in Moscow. For a time Molander, director of the government's SALT working group, balanced himself and even the Irish coffee for the setback. But as the months went by, the Soviet Union demonstrated increasing willingness to negotiate controls on missile development. Gradually, limits on the "qualitative" strategic weapons race became the central question of SALT II.

Since the first mushroom could over Alamogordo, N.M., in July 1945 and the first Soviet explosion four years later, there have been two nuclear weapons races between the superpowers.

The quantity race has mushroomed the arsenals — about 9,200 strategic warheads on the U.S. side and 5,000 on the Soviet side, all several times as powerful and some many times as powerful as the war heads that leveled Hiroshima and Nagasaki, Japan, in the month after Alamogordo.

The other closely related race has been the competition in power, variety and sophistication of strategic delivery systems: Intercontinental missiles carrying not one but many independently targetable nuclear warheads, each with enormous destructive force and increasing accuracy; submarines that can launch multiple-warhead missiles from beneath the seas; high-performance bombers loaded with devices to deceive defensive radars; cruise missiles only a few feet in diameter and a few yards long designed to deliver nuclear warheads through sophisticated defense by flying thousands of miles at high speeds very close to the ground.

The SALT I agreement on strategic offensive arms in 1972 and the Vladivostok accord in 1974 placed the first ceilings on numbers of strategic "launchers" (a SALT term for deployed missiles or bombers). However, these restrictions were thwarted by the swiftly growing numbers of independent multiple warheads on each of the allowed launchers. Without curbs on the technological race, a cap on missile and aircraft would have little meaning.

At the beginning of this decade the United States was far ahead in missile technology, and thus lacked incentive to negotiate limitations. Although scientists and a few policymakers advocated restrictions to head off the multiple warhead (MIRV) race, Washington and Moscow made only cosmetic efforts.

In the spring of 1970, for example, Washington had tested its multiple warheads and thus proposed a ban on further testing (to stop Moscow's catch-up efforts) but no ban on deployment. Moscow counter-proposed a ban on deployment (to head off U.S. programs) but no ban on testing to restrain its own efforts. None of these proposals was deemed serious.

The Carter administration's proposals and Soviet responses, while representing strides toward important restrictions, were deeply affected by perceptions of advantage and self interest.

The United States in March 1977 initially proposed a total ban on new types of land-based ballistic missiles for the duration of the treaty, and the Soviets rejected it. In May 1978, the Soviets proposed a total ban, and the United States said no. Except for these two flatly rejected proposals, each superpower tailored its negotiating proposals to protect its own programs while halting those on the other side. In the end each side obtained leeway to build the one ICBM system it had previously planned.

The United States insisted throughout on protecting its planned new generation of submarine launched ballistic missiles, while

the Soviets proposed to stop it. In the end each side was permitted to go ahead with any number of new types of submarine-launched ballistic missiles.

The United States proposed and the Soviets accepted the first limitations on the number of independently targetable multiple warheads (MIRVs) allowed on each land- or sea-based missile. The initial Soviet plan would have cut back multiple warheads on future land-based missiles to a lower number than Moscow has already tested on existing weapons, possibly providing for an eventual lead in warheads. The Soviet plan was rejected.

To recap the bargaining step by step:

The original Carter administration comprehensive proposal of March 1977 would have banned development, testing and deployment of all "new types" of land-based intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs) for the life of the new treaty. The Soviets rejected all the initial proposals, on a variety of grounds.

In May 1977, when the shattered talks were restarted, the United States proposed a ban on testing and deployment of new ICBMs but for only three years. The United States could go ahead with development work on the proposed new MX multiple-warhead missile; testing and deployment was at least three years away in any case.

The Soviet response was to accept a ban on new types of multiple warhead missiles such as the planned American MX. But the Russians proposed to leave free new types of single-warhead missiles, such as the replacement they had planned for their aging SS11 single-warhead missile.

The Soviets also proposed to extend the new-types restriction to submarine launched ballistic missiles, which would restrict the American Trident as well as the less powerful Soviet Typhoon.

To protect Trident, the United States proposed, instead of a total ban, that each side be permitted one new submarine missile system.

Despite the bold beginning, there was increasing apprehension within the U.S. bureaucracy about the new-types limitations. By mid-1977 U.S. intelligence reported that the Soviets were developing as many as four new ICBMs to Washington's one, and there was fear that some of the Russian systems could be tested and deployed before SALT-II limits could take effect. Moreover, the MX missile had gathered strong support in the Pentagon and elsewhere; there were growing internal objections to SALT curbs on it.

In May 1978, at the height of U.S. indignation over Soviet moves in Africa, Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko brought to the White House a complex "new-types" offer. One set of options would have permitted a new Soviet single-warhead ICBM — but not the U.S. multiple warhead MX missile, either in the three-year protocol or to 1985. The other option would have banned all new type of ICBM, including Moscow's planned new weapon and Washington's planned new weapon, for the duration of the treaty.

Seeing both options, the U.S. rejected Gromyko's proposal out of hand, even though the latter one was similar to the original American bid. The rejection was so flat and hard, with no immediate counter proposal offered, that it gave rise to reports that Carter had decided to "freeze" the SALT negotiations. The reports were quickly denied.

The Soviets made their big move on the modernization issue in a meeting between Gromyko and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance last July in Geneva. Bitterness and cross-purposes on Africa had clouded the May bargaining in Washington, but two months later the Soviets were ready to move ahead on SALT at the height of international controversy over the trials of Anatholy Scharansky and other dissidents. Just hours after receiving Gromyko's concession, in fact, Vance held a highly publicized and previously announced meeting in Geneva with Scharansky's wife.

The new Soviet proposal accepted the essential features of the U.S. position on new types. Each side would be permitted one exception to the ban for either a new multiple-warhead ICBM (the American MX) or a new single-warhead ICBM (a Soviet missile to replace the SS-11). Moreover, there would be either no limit or a broadly defined limit on new types of submarine-launched ballistic missiles, thus reserving the American Trident II and the Soviet Typhoon.

In characteristic Soviet style, Gromyko offered this major concession if the United States would concede on other outstanding issues. The United States pocketed the concession and moved to debate the other issues.

Agreed at last on the new-types bargain in broad dimension, the two sides still faced with long and hard negotiation over all important details. By last summer the United States had modified its definition in order to restrict the number of multiple warheads permitted on new and existing ballistic missiles. Such upper limits on Soviet warhead numbers would be essential to the effectiveness of a "shell game" plan to hide and protect American land-based missiles from attack in the mid-1980s.

The Russians were prepared to accept the principle of warhead limitations, often called "fractionation" limits, but an argument arose over the number of warheads to be allowed. The United States proposed to permit up to 10 warheads each on the new type of ICBM allowed to each side; the Soviets proposed a limit of six.

The Soviets have already tested 10 warheads each on their giant SS-18 heavy missiles, and will be allowed to equip all such missiles in this fashion. The plan to permit only six warheads on the new U.S. missile was interpreted as a Soviet bid to maintain an advantage, and thus politically as well as strategically unacceptable. Last fall the Russians conceded the point.

Another aspect of the definition of what is "new" touched off a protracted argument. The U.S. proposed that any weapon 5 per cent larger or smaller than existing ICBMs be considered a new type of missile and thus be subject to limitation. The Soviets counter-proposed that a missile more than 5 per cent smaller not be considered new, because it would present a lessened threat.

The Carter administration was puzzled and apprehensive about the Russians' objective. The fear was that new and better Soviet solid-fuel missiles to replace existing models might not count under Moscow's definition, thus effectively allowing more Soviet "new types" than American "new types."

In mid-April 1979, the issue was finally resolved when the Soviets conceded the point. The SALT II bargaining over the modernization and advance of strategic missilery approached its end (WP)

## saudi press review

Commenting on the royal visit to Morocco, "Al-Medina" recalled "the identity of objectives" between the founders of both Kingdoms.

"King Abdul Aziz strove to liberate the country and unify it through a long and memorable career while King Muhammad V was fighting foreign colonial rule to unify the country that had been broken up by the colonial power. This shows a desire for unification that has been inherited by the present rulers whose aims remain the unity of the Arabs and Muslims," the paper said.

"Saudi Arabia and Morocco have been in constant contacts and consultations and this visit is only to crystallize their closeness and promote further their bonds of brotherhood and friendship in the service of the Arab and Muslim worlds."

In the same space, "Al-Medina" likened Crown Prince Fahd's diplomatic activity to til-

ling the soil to inject fresh and invigorating elements into it."

"His tour of some European capitals was sufficient to restore confidence in the ability of the Arabs to move forward once again after Egypt's estrangement from the Arab world."

The paper said that Israel, "having secured its front with Egypt has concentrated its efforts on the other fronts by creating an incurable fissure in Lebanon hoping to lure other Arab states into the battlefield. This policy is aimed at winning more American affection and arms in order to bring the Arabs down on their knees. But the Israeli efforts will be in vain," the paper said, "and Prince Fahd's visit to Europe is positive proof of the Arabs' capacity for action and steadfastness."

Another commentary in "Al-Medina" discussed the effects of unplanned urbanization and said

that despite massive government efforts to control it "one can see a great deal of haphazard construction even in areas without basic services."

"What we are now living through is not a single push that will end soon but a continuous process of construction and development which, after affecting the cities, will soon affect the rest of the country and its villages."

"Prince Majed, minister of municipal and rural affairs has foreseen such developments and instituted an agency for planning to assess the requirements of urbanization from drainage schemes to schools, roads and electricity."

"Al-Jezirah" expected the Saudi-Moroccan summit to be "extremely important as it is likely to reach constructive results in the

service of the Arabs. Besides, the visit is part of the Saudi effort to clarify the Arab issues and defeat Israel's misleading propaganda."

"Observers have come to attach great importance to what the Saudi leaders say on account of the country's enormous political and economic weight in world affairs."

"Al-Nadwa" said that Prince Fahd and PLO chief Yasser Arafat "were quite right when they described the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty as a step towards war."

"This is being confirmed almost daily by the attitude and actions of Israel in Lebanon which is under continuing attacks that are calculated to draw Syria the other Arab States into a full scale war. The intention is to consolidate the

separate peace treaty and force others to sign similar ones, to liquidate the Palestinian resistance and force the Arab Deterrent Force to quit the country to pave the way for a Maronite state in that country."

"In the meantime, the Lebanese government should realize that the Palestinian presence poses no threat to its sovereignty."

"On the contrary," the paper said, "it consolidates the country's security and unity. Those who do pose a threat are the militias like the renegade Saad Haddad and his supporters who advocate secession and collaborate with the enemy."

Israel wants to force Lebanon into a separate treaty and trap it the way it has trapped the Egyptian ruler. Lebanon should be aware of these designs and stand fast with the Arabs who are fighting a common enemy."

هكذا من الأصل



## BOOKSHELF

"The Untempered Wind: Forty Years in Palestine," by Christina Jones. Longman: London, 1975.

By Barry Reynolds

DHAHRAN — On April 10 1948 Christina Jones, headmistress of the Friends' Boys School in Ramallah, on the Occupied West Bank, sat down and wrote in her journal:

"The most tragic and dastardly act of the Stern and Irgun occurred at Deir Yasin yesterday afternoon. These Zionist terrorists went into the village and massacred 250 old men, women and children and threw their bodies into the village well...

"It does not seem possible, but the story is confirmed by the International Red Cross delegates and representatives of some of the consulates who have gone to the village."

More than any which preceded or followed it, it was this outrage that was to speed the massive flight of Palestinians from their homeland. It was a human stampede which Dr. Weizmann, the first President of Israel, described coldly as "a miraculous simplification of Israel's tasks."

Only recently Israel's Moshe Dayan asked how the PLO could expect the world to take it seriously when it continued to practice terrorism on civilians.

Jones' personal account of nearly half a century at the school spans the whole tumultuous and tragic history of the Arab-Israeli conflict. It is all here: the Sykes-Picot negotiations of 1917 that duped Sharif Hussein and carted the Arab World into Western spheres of influence; the fateful Balfour Declaration of the same year which incredibly referred to Palestinians as "the existing non-Jewish community" at a time when they outnumbered resident Jews ten to one; and the inept rule of the British Mandate, which culminated in a Jewish apartheid state and the displacement of nearly an entire Arab country.

Christina Jones and her husband arrived in Jaffa in 1922 with barely enough money to found their dream — a preparatory school which would prepare young Palestinians for entrance to universities abroad. Nevertheless, the Friends' School became one of the finest private educational establishments in the Middle East and today counts among its graduates scores of professional Palestinians.

"The Untempered Wind" is written not as polemic, but as the highly personal memoirs of a couple with a true humanitarian sense.

Yet the Joneses soon learned that there was no divorcing politics from education in this volatile region.

ion. Towards the close of the Second World War, as Jewish survivors of Hitler's Holocaust poured into Palestine, the Friends' School became an Arab refugee center and makeshift hospital as Zionist gangs, intent upon producing "fait accompli" before Partition, created another holocaust for Palestinians.

Having lived among non-European Palestinian Jews three decades before 1948, Jones also recounts the personal anguish of many old Jewish residents who considered their European brethren as ruthless in many ways as the Nazis they were escaping.

She quotes Nathan Ghofshi, an old Jewish settler in Palestine:

"We Jews forced the Arabs to leave their cities and villages...Some of them were driven out by force of arms, others by deceit, lying and false pretences.

Here was a people who lived on its own land for 1,300 years. We came and turned native Arabs into tragic refugees — and still we dare to malign them. Instead of being deeply ashamed of what we did and trying to undo some of the evil we committed, we justify our terrible acts and even attempt to glorify them."

In trying to dispel the myths some have accepted from those anxious to justify the Jewish state, Jones answers these typical questions:

"Don't the Arabs need the Jews?" Palestine, she explains, was a progressing little country when the Jews started to arrive in 1918, though administratively handicapped by policies imposed on the Mandate Government from London.

"Didn't the Jews make the desert bloom?" Palestine was

hardly a desert at the turn of this century. In 1891, Robert Meredith, a successful Iowa farmer, visited Palestine and noted: "Nothing can exceed the beauty of the orange groves and gardens around Joppa, which is surrounded by fertile plains that produce crops of wheat, barley and grapes — all without irrigation." When the state of Israel was announced in 1948, Arab cultivable property was almost two-and-a-half times the area of Jewish-owned land.

"Why don't you sell your land to the Jews? They have greater technology." This question, writes Jones, came from a church minister. Firstly, Arab technologists have achieved "miracles" in Arab lands since the oil price hikes of this decade. Secondly, she asks: "Would you be willing to sell your country, or even a part of it, to accommodate a separate Jewish state?"

This is a useful book for those with only a fragmented view of Mideast history. It is not written in the shrill, indignant style usually adopted by proponents of both sides. The Joneses were simply a pair of hard-working, idealistic American teachers dropped into the cauldron of this century's thickest political stew.

In 1948, the author recorded the plight of the displaced Palestinian refugees: "They look towards their homes daily, longingly...One bus driver who goes between Ramallah and Bir Zeit stops at a certain point on the road for the passengers to get out for a few moments to look down on their old homes on the plains and the sea-coast..."

"My purpose is to tell the story as we lived it with the dispossessed. The refugees are still with us."

## Hornless rhinos?

By Geoffrey Lean

LONDON — Conservationists want rhinoceroses to be deprived of their horns — for their own protection.

The proposal is a desperate attempt to save the black rhino from extinction at the hands of poachers, who can sell the horn for \$500 a pound in the Far East. It is prized there for its supposed aphrodisiac effect and for making ivory carvings.

Between 1968 and 1977, the number of black rhinos in Kenya plummeted from 11,000 to 1,800 and there may be only six left in Tanzania's game-rich Ngorongoro crater.

However, a plan for rhinos to be de-horned in a limited area of Tanzania, as an experiment, has brought opposition from Solomon

Ole Saibull, Tanzanian Minister for Natural Resources and Tourism.

He is concerned about the plight of the black rhino but says he is opposed "as a matter of principle to depriving any species of its defensive mechanism."

Russell Train, president of the U.S. Wildlife Fund and a former director of the U.S. Government's environmental protection agency, believes the experiment is worth trying. He says: "I have been chased up more than one tree by rhinos so I have a fair respect for their horns. But I suspect that I would have climbed up those trees whether they had horns or not."

He believes the black rhino has little chance of survival if only conventional anti-poaching measures are employed. — (OFNS)



Bazaar organizers, including auctioneer Leonard Ingram

SR9,000 collected

## Bazaar aids Yemen children

By a Staff Reporter

RIYADH — Sporting a raffish straw boater, Leonard Ingram wielded his makeshift auctioneer's hammer with impressive effect to help raise SR9,000 for the Save the Children Fund at a charity bazaar in Riyadh.

After a hesitant start, bidding became brisk for a selection of fine engravings and Indian miniatures. Others suddenly found themselves the proud possessors of paintings by John Piper and the Iraqi artist Issam el Said.

The money raised by the bazaar has been sent to the Yemen branch of the Save the Children Fund, in Sanaa.

Jonathan Miller and his wife provided the grounds of their Malaaz villa for the afternoon, which brought a touch of May Day in the spectacular form of a Mr. Whitehead and his Morris dancers. The troupe put on a colorful display of that form of old English folk-dancing, dressed in green-and-white costumes to symbolize the merry month of May.

Hats and trousers adorned with green ribbons, the dancers swept through their routine to the jangle of bells and rhythmic clashing of wooden staves, easing in the process a steady flow of riyals from the spectators into a large black hat.

Riyadh stone-keepers donated a handsome assortment of raffle prizes.

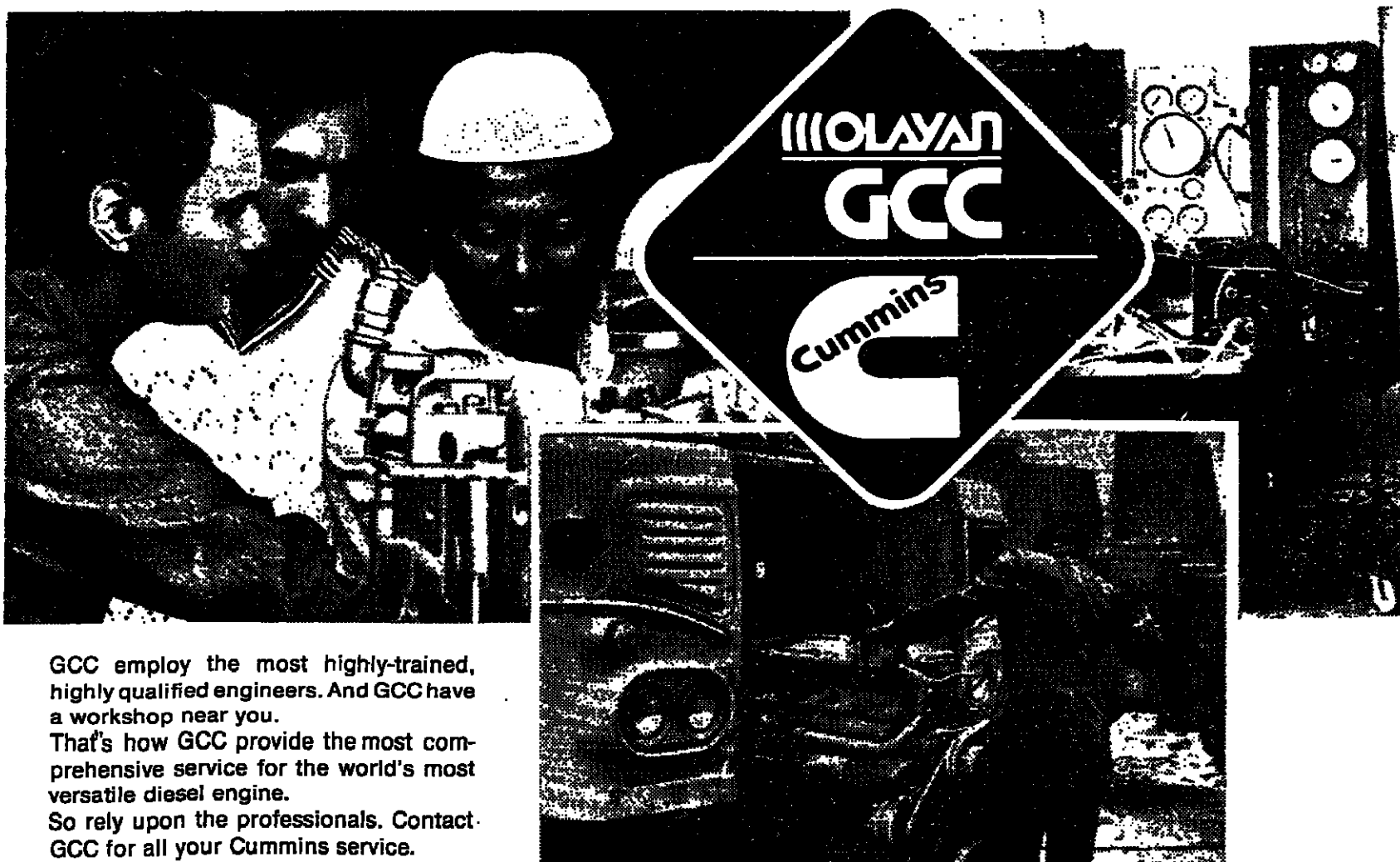


A raffle prize for two young brothers

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# A history of science and technology at Munich's Deutsches Museum

By Harry Trimbora

MUNICH — One of West Germany's most popular indoor pastimes — especially on rainy weekend afternoons — is museum trekking. And the largest and most popular of the country's 800 museums is a complex of buildings squeezed onto a slender island in the Isar River in the heart of Munich.

This is the home of the

Deutsches Museum (German Museum). Despite its name, and the initial boost it received from that old warrior, Kaiser Wilhelm II, the museum is no monument to Teutonic nationalism or solely a repository for war relics.

It is one of the world's biggest science and technology museums, West Germany's answer to the U.S. Smithsonian Institution. It has some military hardware among its 15,000 exhibits. But it is

renowned for its technological displays, not for its military memorabilia.

The military displays include the German navy's first submarine, built in 1906; a V-2 rocket like those fired against Britain in World War II, and three famous Messerschmitt fighter planes — the ME-109, the ME-262 and the ME-163.

The ME-109, which became operational in 1939, was built in

greater numbers than any other fighter. The ME-262 was the world's first mass-produced jet fighter, and the ME-163 was the first operational rocket-powered plane.

The three Messerschmitts are authentic in all their wartime detail — with one exception. The Nazi swastika, which adorned the tails of Hitler's war planes, is missing to avoid any hint of glorification of the Nazi era.

The museum, according to its officials, is unique among the world's science and technology museums. It alone presents exhibits in their historical context, depicting the cultural impact that the items on display had on the societies that developed them.

The exhibits range from neolithic age hatchets and ancient Egyptian looms to space age satellites. None of the exhibits is newer than one year old.

"The museum does not look to the future," said Stephan Dietrich, an industrial engineer who is one of the museum's 400 staff members.

The museum is noted for pioneering the concept of push-button displays that enable the visitor to observe the functions of half of the exhibits by activating buttons, levers and electronic equipment.

The visitor can test his or her flying skill through a simplified flight simulator. In the mockup of a ship's bridge, the visitor can try steering a ship with an 800-ton cargo through the Kiel Canal.

All the displays are in working order, Dietrich said. And those that cannot be operated by visitors are usually demonstrated by staff members — like the huge, specially-mounted locomotive whose big red wheels are activated, not by steam but by electricity, to simulate a train in motion.

All of the antique cars, painstakingly restored in the museum's workshops, are in driving condition. One of them, an antique Mercedes Benz touring car, was driven to a motor show in Hamburg after the truck that had been carrying it broke down.

The museum has 40,000 square meters of exhibits space on seven floors. A visitor would travel 35 kilometers to view every exhibit. Foot vibrators have been installed on each floor to ease the ordeal of the long trek through the halls.

The museum estimates that under a 40-hour, five-day week, it would take 18 months for the visitors to read the texts and operate the displays at each of the exhibits.

Such formidable challenges have not diminished the museum's popularity. It receives about 1.5 million visitors annually, a third of them from foreign countries.

About 90,000 of the visitors are schoolchildren from throughout Europe.

The number of students is too big for the museum staff to handle, so it provides a one-week museum guide training program for teachers, who then return to their home school districts and train other teachers as guides for field trips to the museum.

The exhibits on display represent only a fraction of the museum's collection. Another 70,000 items are locked away, for lack of exhibits space, in the museum's cellars and in warehouses in other parts of the city.

But what is left for display is enough to satisfy any science and technology buff.

The pride of the collection is the famous Magdeburg Hemispheres, made in 1654 for Magdeburg mayor and philosopher Otto Von Guericke to demonstrate the force of atmospheric pressure. A vacuum was created by pumping out the air from the sphere formed by the two hollow hemispheres. A famous engraving shows two powerful draft horses struggling to pull apart the hemispheres held together by atmospheric pressure.

Because of the museum's desire to have visitors touch and handle many of the exhibits, the hemispheres, along with Von Guericke's air pump, are displayed only in replica. The real equipment is kept in storage.

Among other items on display are a glider built in 1895 by Otto Lilienthal, and one of the Wright brothers' planes, built in 1909.

Then there is the world's first automobile, built in 1866 by Otto Benz; the first electric locomotive; the first dynamo, and the first lunar jeep used by American astronauts on the moon.

The desk of Wilhelm Conrad Roentgen is on display, along with his first X-ray, which he took of his fiancée's hand, 1895.

There is the first diesel engine, built in 1897, among a massive display ranging from early

mechanical devices to modern jet engines.

There are such personal items as the watch worn by Wilhelm Bauer, builder of the first submarine, and a mechanical trumpet made in 1810 for Napoleon.

The basement contains full-scale replicas of salt, iron and coal mines. And the museum is topped but a planetarium and observatory.

Elsewhere there are such

diverse displays as the telecommunications equipment and a full-size 19th-century Alpine Chalet. There are fully equipped replicas of workshops used in the early days of the industrial revolution and a full-scale section of the Munich subway tunnel.

Several of the largest exhibits are on display on the museum grounds. These include a 19th-century Dutch windmill and an experimental twin-engine vertical

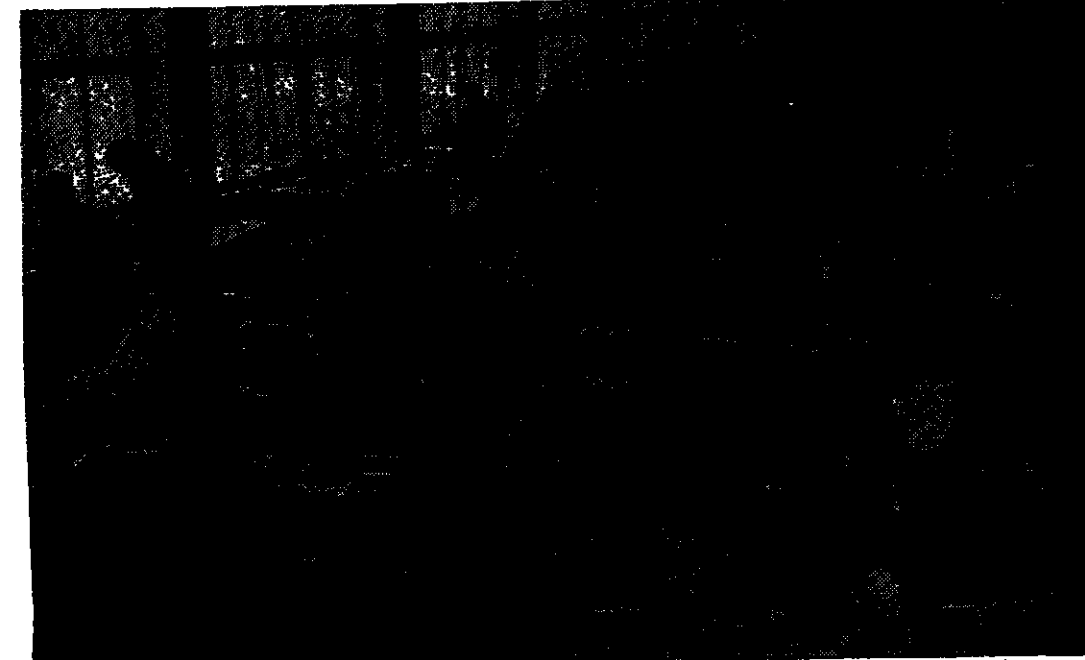
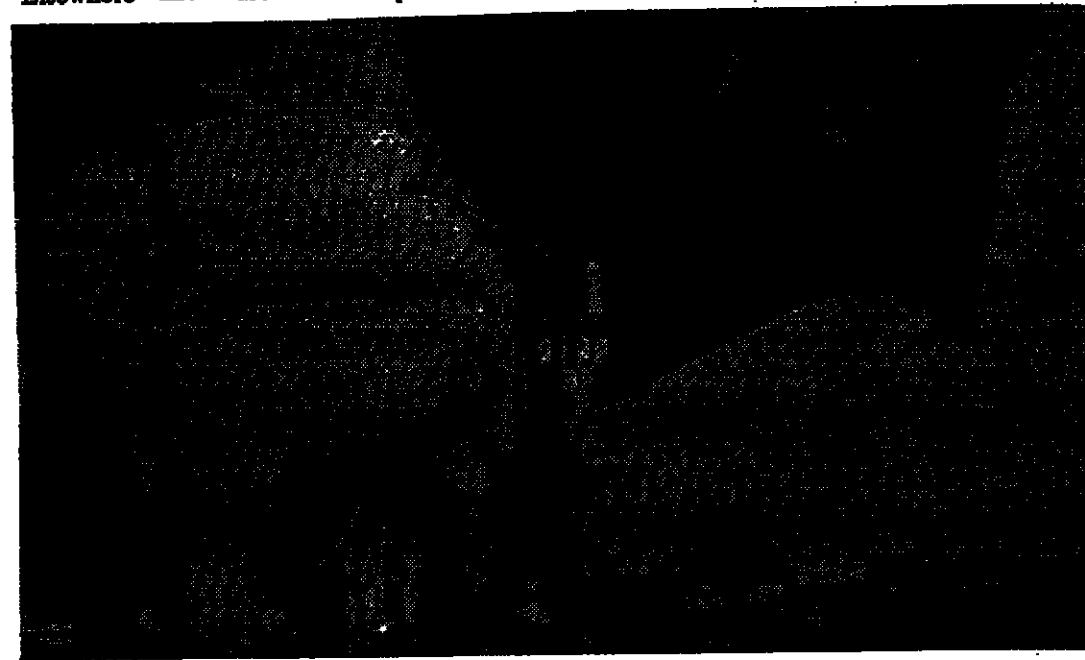
takeoff plane.

For scholars, there is a 600,000-volume library, which contains 16,000 manuscripts by famous scientists. It also contains original plans, sketches and engravings of German and foreign industrial pioneers.

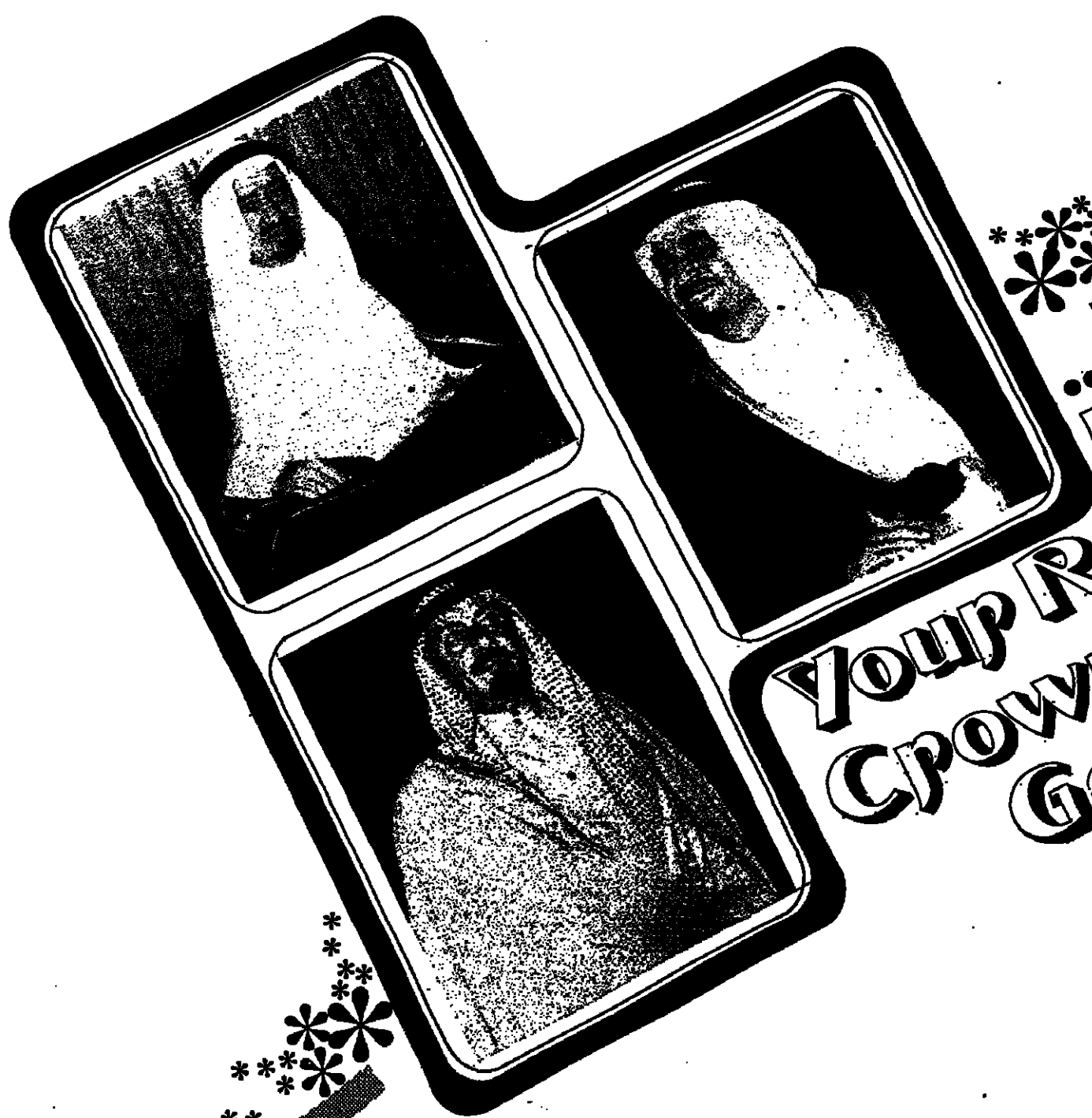
The museum was founded in 1903 by Oskar Von Miller, a Bavarian electrical engineer who sought to popularize scientific and technological progress. — (LAT)



Frankfurt, 30 years after the Federal Republic of Germany was declared, is today one of Europe's leading cities. In 1949, in the aftermath of the Second World War, it was like a ghost town.

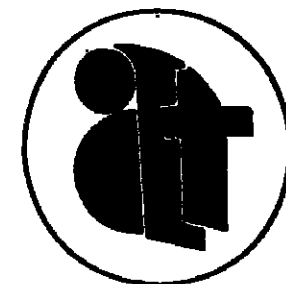


Technology has advanced rapidly in post-war Germany. These pictures show a modern lab technician and a 1949 factory.



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## Bullets edge Spurs in 7th

Brave comeback  
its Washington  
against Seattle

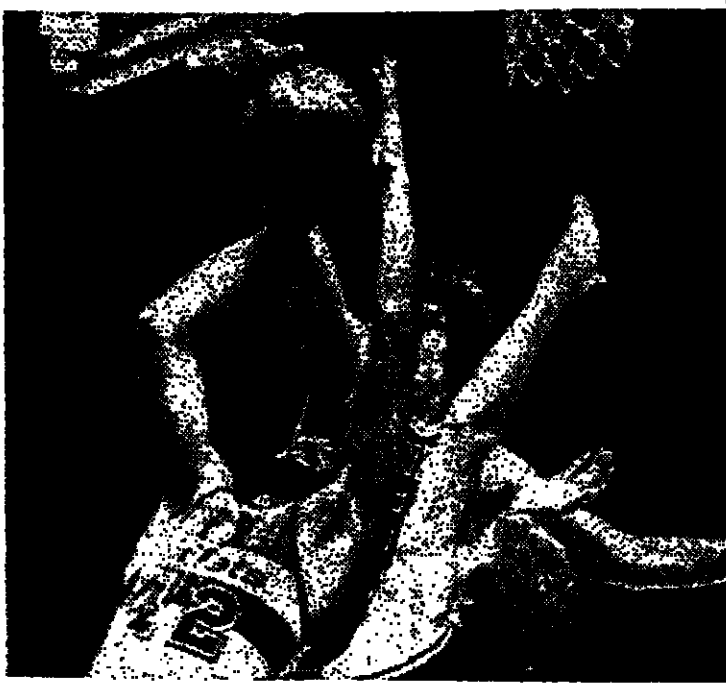
LANDOVER, Md., May 19 (AP) — Bobby Dandridge's 12-point jumper with eight seconds left capped a furious Washington comeback that carried the Bullets to a 107-105 National Basketball Association victory over the San Antonio Spurs in the seventh game of the Eastern Conference finals, Friday.

The Bullets, who will open the best-of-seven NBA championship series Sunday against the Seattle SuperSonics, whom they beat in seven games in last year's final. The Spurs, who led the series 1-0 at one point, had one last chance to tie it up when James Silas drove to the basket. But his shot was blocked by the Bullets' Tim Hayes with four seconds left as the ball rolled loose on the floor, the final seconds ticked away.

Dandridge led the Bullets with 21 points, 11 of them in the final 10 minutes, and Hayes had 23. San Antonio's George Gervin poured in the losing effort.

San Antonio led 86-76 with 10:50 to play and was ahead, 85-83, midway through the final quarter before the Bullets put on their winning surge.

Reserve forward Greg Ballard started it off with a layup, Hayes followed with a followup shot and Dandridge hit a turnaround jumper to cut



ALL HANDS: Washington's Greg Ballard draws a foul from San Antonio's Billy Paulitz, rear, as the Spurs' Allan Bristow moves in at Landover during the Eastern Conference finals.

the gap to three points with 4:38 to play.

But Silas responded with a 15-foot jumper for San Antonio and Gervin made a 20-footer to stem that surge, and the Spurs seemed to be in control as they led 103-97 with 2:09 to go.

That was when the Bullets took command. Ballard on a tip-in, Wes Unseld banked two free throws, Dandridge put in a short jumper to tie the score and then

Ballard hit two free throws, with 36 seconds left to put Washington ahead, 105-103.

Silas hit a 15-footer to tie the score for San Antonio before the Bullets called time out with 25 seconds to play. They worked the ball to Dandridge, who dribbled to the right baseline and put up the winning shot over two San Antonio defenders.

San Antonio 21 28 33 23—105  
Washington 18 32 26 31—107

## On Jackson double Yanks batter Torrez, Red Sox again, 10-0

NEW YORK, May 19 (AP) — Reggie Jackson capped a three-run fifth inning with a bases-loaded, ground-rule double and the New York Yankees battered ex-teammate Mike Torrez once again, beating the Boston Red Sox 10-0, Friday night.

It was the teams' first meeting since last fall's dramatic American League East playoff, when the Yanks beat Torrez, 5-4 on Bucky Dent's grand-slam homer and Jackson's solo shot.

Jim Beattie pitched a four-hitter for the Yanks. Torrez was tagged for 10 of New York's 17 hits before being replaced in the eighth, when the Yankees scored four runs. Thurman Munson and Jackson had two runs batted in each for the Yanks. Jackson's double bounced into the right-field stands but, thinking the ball had cleared the wall, he gave it his home-run trot, circling the bases before being sent back to second base.

In another AL game, Mark Wagner's two-run double in the ninth inning gave the Detroit Tigers a 5-3 victory over Cleveland.

Al Bumbry's tie-breaking single in the 11th inning gave the Baltimore Orioles a 7-6 victory over the Toronto Blue Jays.

A pair of bases-loaded walks by Al Hrabosky and Hosken Powell's

two-run single in the 10th inning carried Minnesota past Kansas City 10-6.

In three late AL games, Larry Cox drove in five runs with a double and a single to lead Seattle to a 13-5 rout of Texas. Bill Travers fired a three-hitter as Milwaukee handed Oakland its eighth consecutive defeat, beating the A's 8-0, and Frank Tanana earned his first victory in nearly a month, teaming with Mark Clear to limit Chicago to seven hits as California beat the White Sox, 7-3.

In the National League, St. Louis, game against the Mets in New York was rained off.

Elsewhere, Dale Murphy drove in five runs with three homers, powering the Atlanta Braves to a 6-4 victory over the Los Angeles San Francisco Giants. Bob Horner, last year's Rookie of the year, appearing in only his third game, also homered for Atlanta.

Dan Driessen's tie-breaking single with one out in the bottom of the ninth inning gave Cincinnati a 7-6 victory over Los Angeles, handing the Dodgers their third straight loss.

Pittsburgh defeated the Chicago Cubs, 9-5; Andre Dawson's 10th homer of the year boosted Montreal to a 5-3 victory over the Philadelphia Phillies and as Houston beat the San Diego Padres, 3-2.



CRASH: Favored Indy contender Danny Ongais is lifted from his race car after he tangled with another car and hit the inside wall coming out of turn four at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway during practice last Saturday. Ongais is still too ill to qualify for next weekend's race.

## Ongais will miss Indy qualifier

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 19 (AP) — Danny Ongais, still not fully recovered from injuries suffered when he hit the wall a week ago, will decide whether a substitute driver will attempt to qualify his car for the May 27 Indianapolis 500, his crew members said Friday.

Ongais himself was refusing comment on this weekend's qualifying time trials at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway.

Ongais planned to resume driving this weekend after suffering a

concussion and whiplash injury in a crash last Saturday. But Friday Ongais failed to pass an electroencephalogram, which measures brain waves.

Another driver could qualify the car this weekend and then relinquish the ride to Ongais for race day. In that case, Ongais, a strong contender, would start in 33rd and last position. Former Indy winner Mario Andretti let a substitute qualify his car last year when Andretti had a conflict with a Formula One race.

"He (Ongais) is still trying to make up his mind," said Bill Yeager, of the Interscope Racing crew.

## Hope for Swede GP

STOCKHOLM, May 19 (R) — The Swedish Grand Prix motor race may take place after all. Maert Metslov, secretary-general of the Swedish Motor Sport Federation, said here Friday night a sponsor had been found to save the June 16 race, called off earlier this week for lack of sponsorship.

## Forest clinches 2nd spot with 1-0 win over Albion

LONDON, May 19 (R) — Nottingham Forest, last season's champion, clinched second place in the English League First Division table with a 1-0 win over West Bromwich Albion Friday night.

West Bromwich dropped from second to third place in the final table.

Trevor Francis, the striker who cost Forest one million pounds (\$

2 million) earlier in the season, scored the winning goal eight minutes from the end. He drove the ball home from six yards after Tony Woodcock's cross had been scrambled off the line.

The Forest players picked up a bonus of 1,000 pounds each for reaching 60 points. Liverpool, with 68 points, won the championship.

## FIFA-Peking talks set

ZURICH, May 19 (AP) — International Football Federation (FIFA) President Joao Havelange is to visit Peking in August to discuss mainland Chinese membership of the world body — and with it the question of continued membership of the Republic of China in Taiwan.

FIFA's 21-man executive also resolved Friday to seek world uniformity disciplinary measures against players and clubs in the light of recent talks between the world body and the European Football Union (UEFA).

Earlier, the executive approved a decision by FIFA's World Cup Organizing Committee that the 1982 Cup finals in Spain comprise 24 countries, rather than the usual 16.

## Colonial gales have Thompson shots ahead

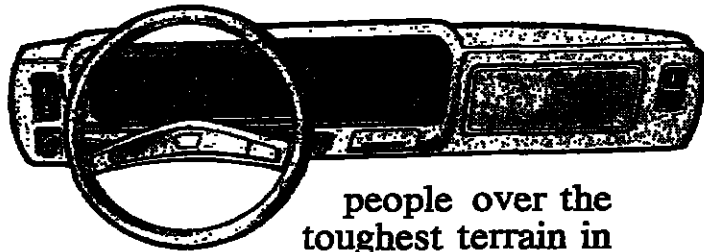
PORT WORTH, Texas, May 19 (AP) — Leonard Thompson, stumbling desperately through y, whipping winds, contrived a under par 68 and stretched lead to three strokes Friday in second round of the \$300,000 Colonial National Invitation golf tournament.

Two of his biggest threats faded back in the pack. Defending champion Lee Trevino, who won this title twice in the last 10 years and was a single shot back after 18 holes, and Bruce Crampton both succumbed to the wind and fell six strokes back to 16.



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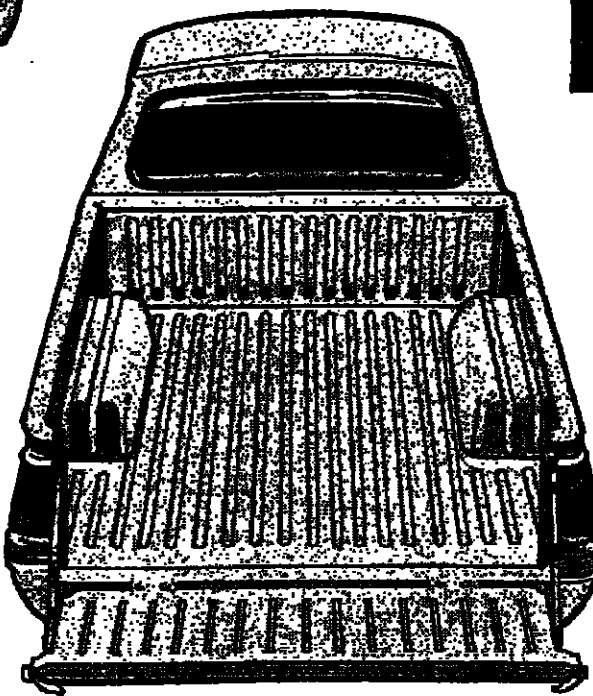
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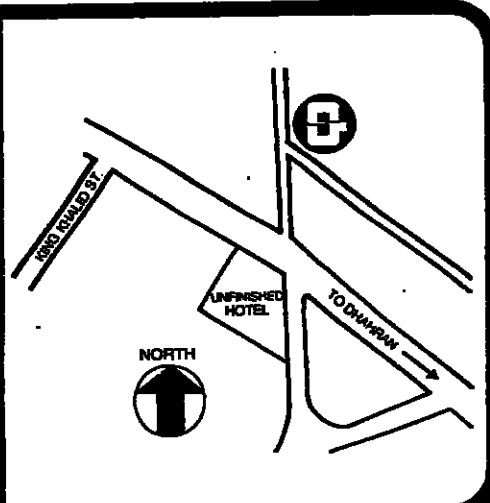
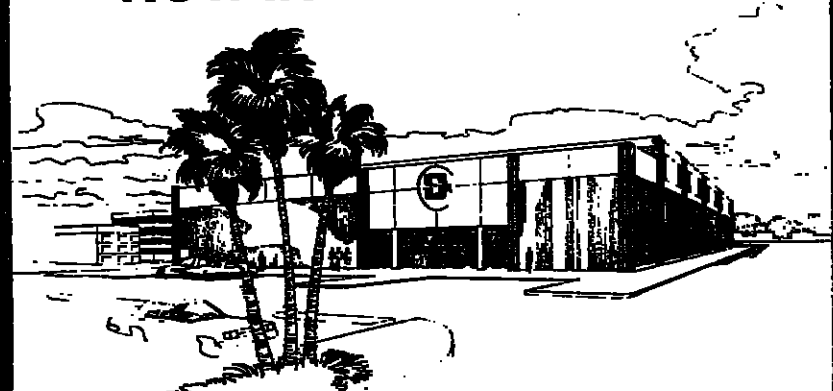
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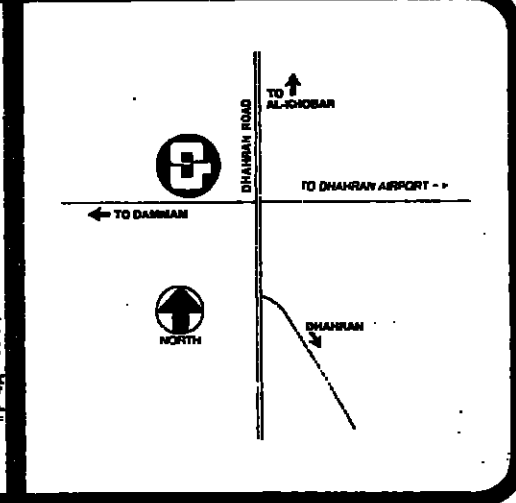
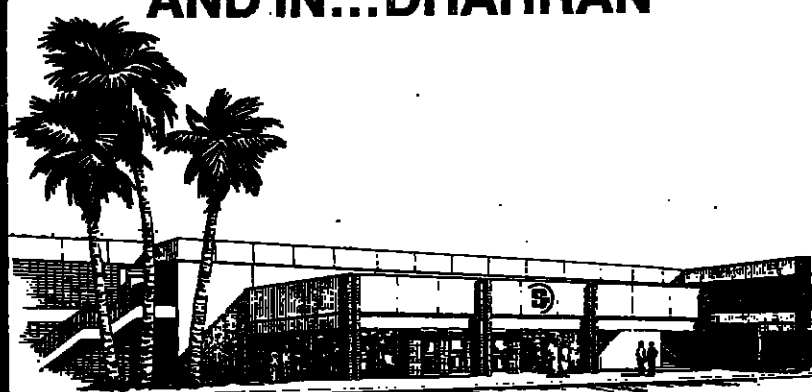
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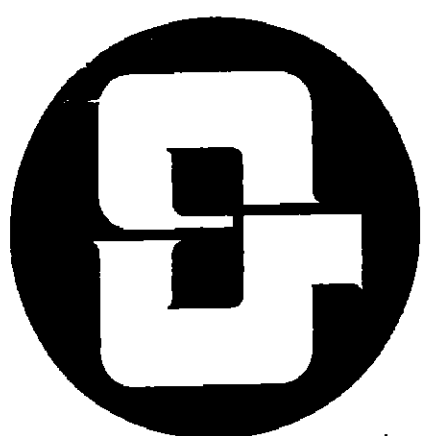


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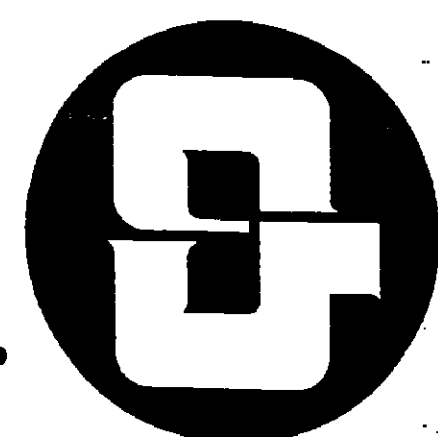


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## Energy aide backs plan for weekly carless days

WASHINGTON, May 19 (AP) — A high U.S. Energy Department official Friday endorsed a proposal that Americans leave their cars home one day each week as a method of overcoming gasoline shortages.

David Bardin, head of the department's Economic Regulatory Administration, also told a congressional hearing the California gasoline squeeze is caused by a worldwide shortage of crude oil and is not contrived by big oil companies.

"The gasoline shortage is real, Bardin said, "because the planet earth has been producing less

crude oil than people want."

He said that the best way to cope with the shortage is for people to drive less. "Leave your car home one day a week and we can get through it."

Bardin testified before two House panels conducting simultaneous investigations of West Coast gas shortages. Panel members expressed skepticism over the Carter administration's handling of the shortages.

Bardin said many gas stations are overcharging customers, but the true extent of overcharges is hard to determine because the government only audits a fraction

of the nation's 187,000 service stations.

Some alleged overcharges have been as high as 24 cents a gallon over the maximum price allowed, Bardin said.

Nationally, 7,000 service stations are being asked to explain "unusually high" prices, another 2,000 are targeted for formal investigations and 847 stations already have been cited for overcharging, he said.

Before the hearings, Rep. Bob Eckhardt, chairman of the House of Representatives Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations, said public suspicions about the reality of fuel shortages "are at their highest level since the Arab oil embargo of 1973."

Bardin said the Carter administration — which now is predicting a 5 per cent gasoline shortage this summer — has done little to effectively persuade Americans that oil shortages aren't contrived by big oil companies.

Rep. John Dingell, chairman of the second panel conducting the inquiry, said he sees considerable congressional support for a proposal by Rep. Toby Moffett, requiring drivers to leave their cars home one day a week to conserve fuel.

The plan, being drafted with the endorsement of the White House and house leaders also would tentatively limit gasoline sales nationally to at least \$5 per car to keep motorists from "topping off" their tanks with small purchases.

Car windshield would have to bear stickers displaying a number from one to seven indicating the day of the week the vehicle couldn't be driven.

## 700 billion barrels U.S. opens project bids for oil shale reserves

WASHINGTON, May 19 (R) — The United States Friday announced the first firm step towards exploiting its estimated resources of 700 billion barrels of oil trapped in shale below ground.

The Energy Department invited contractors to submit proposals for design and construction of a pilot plant to extract the oil.

Vast deposits of oil locked in rock under Colorado, Wyoming and Utah greatly exceed the total proven reserves of Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter, the Department said.

Oil shale has been ignored until now because of the cost of extraction. But the rapidly rising world oil price is beginning to make it look commercially viable.

The Energy Department said the first oil shale extraction plant could cost up to \$200 million and initial output would be a modest 10,000 barrels a day.

Congress has authorized government spending of \$15 million on the project during the financial year ending next Sept. 30.

## Mexican oil estimates questioned by experts

LOS ANGELES, May 19 (AP) —

The 40 billion barrels of oil Mexico has claimed to hold in proven reserves is far too high an estimate, according to petroleum experts quoted Friday.

Numerous petroleum experts in Mexico City and the United States said Mexico has large quantities of oil, but not nearly as much as Mexican officials have estimated, the "Los Angeles Times" reported.

One key source said the figure may be half what the Mexican government has estimated.

James Watson, senior vice president of Degolyer and MacNaughton, the U.S. firm hired by Mexico to certify its oil discoveries, said Mexico's proved oil reserves are

well below 28 billion barrels.

"We've reminded (the Mexican government) over and over about the danger of losing credibility," Watson said. "We've been trying to hold them back."

Watson, who has been in charge of certifying Mexico's oil and natural gas reserves for Pemex, Mexico's national petroleum company, vowed to "set the record straight" in any future U.S. Department of Energy hearings on the purchase of Mexican natural gas by U.S. companies.

Pemex hired the Dallas firm in 1976, not only to certify its petroleum discoveries, but to get the credibility it needed to borrow funds from international banking concerns.

## Market Comment :

### When bad news may be good news

NEW YORK, May 19 (AP) — A touch of masochism apparently has crept into the psychology of the stock market lately. The worse the economic news gets in the United States, the more investors seem to like it.

The symptoms of this condition were very much in evidence this past week. The government reported declines in industrial production and housing starts, and personal income grew by a skimpy 0.3 per cent in April, lagging well behind inflation.

The stock market's response to all this was a spirited rally, producing its first gain in six weeks.

The Dow Jones average of 30 industrials rose 11.35 to 841.91, rebounding from a 45-point drop over the five preceding weeks.

The New York Stock Exchange composite index climbed .78 to 56.26, and the American Stock Exchange market value index was up 3.69 at 180.10.

Big board volume averaged 26.83 million shares a day, against 28.02 million the week before.

The widely accepted explanation for the market's seemingly perverse behavior lies in the outlook for inflation and interest rates.

An economic slowdown would increase unemployment and hurt corporate earnings, analysts note,

but presumably it would also reduce inflationary pressures and lead to lower interest rates.

The current high level of interest rates is considered a major problem for the stock market because it has attracted billions of dollars into short-term investments like money-market mutual funds, whose assets have soared to nearly \$20 billion as of late last month.

Donoghue's Money Fund Report, an organization which tracks these funds, noted that

## U.S. unit cuts target deficit to \$5.4 billion

WASHINGTON, May 19 (AP) — House of Representatives and Senate negotiators agreed Friday on a 1980 target budget that would cut the U.S. government deficit to \$5.4 billion — \$5.4 billion below President Jimmy Carter's goal and the lowest deficit figure since 1974.

The House-Senate conferees also projected a budget surplus of between \$2.1 billion and \$5.6 billion in 1981.

The target budget, which still must be approved by the full House and Senate, calls for \$532 billion in spending in fiscal 1980, which starts Oct. 1, with revenues of \$509 billion during the year.

Carter had proposed a \$532.3 billion spending level on revenues of \$503.9 billion for a deficit of \$28.4 billion.

The House-Senate Conference reached compromises on their major differences over defense spending and job programs late Friday when the House negotiators largely accepted the Senate's higher level of defense spending.

The Conference approved \$124.2 billion for defense, just slightly below the Senate's figure of \$124.3 billion. The House had favored spending \$123.5 billion on defense.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Opening Saturday	SAMA rate	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.38	3.39	3.39
Pound Sterling	6.92	7.00	7.00
Deutsche Mark (100)	176.00	178.75	177.75
Swiss F (100)	194.00	198.50	196.60
French F (100)	76.00	77.50	77.10
Italian Lira (1000)	3.90	4.02	4.01
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	104.35	104.50
Syrian Lira (100)	—	76.50	87.00
Egyptian Pound	—	4.68	4.56
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.25	12.22
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.13	11.10
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	88.25	88.25
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	90.00	90.00
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.85	8.85
Iranian Rial (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	—	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	74.30	74.30
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	76.50	87.00
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	40.90
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	34.35
Gold kg	—	28,350	—
10 Tolas bar	—	3,300	—
Silver kg bar	—	1,000	—
Japanese yen (100)	1.54	—	—
Canadian dollar	2.93	—	—
Belgian franc (10)	1.11	—	—
Dutch guilder	1.61	—	—

SAMA rates announced by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency, based on average rates on the London money market and the official price of the U.S. dollar.

Cash and transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah. Tel.: 23815

## Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Ministry of Agriculture and Water	Undertaking of small projects in Inghmas and Al-Qaa' Al-Bared	8/8	500	May 29
" " "	Undertaking of small projects in Khubb Al-Baridi and Al-Malida	9/8	500	May 29
Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs	Temporary asphalted of some roads in the villages of Hota Beni Tamim	26-97/98	1000	July 3
" " "	Fencing of two graveyards in Qassim	"	200	July 7
" " "	Fencing of Al-Amr graveyard in Al-Namas	"	300	July 8
" " "	Fencing of Haradah graveyard in Al-Aflaj	"	300	July 9
" " "	Fencing of the graveyard of Al-Dahna village in Bisha	"	200	July 10

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## Economy growth in U.S. slower than expected

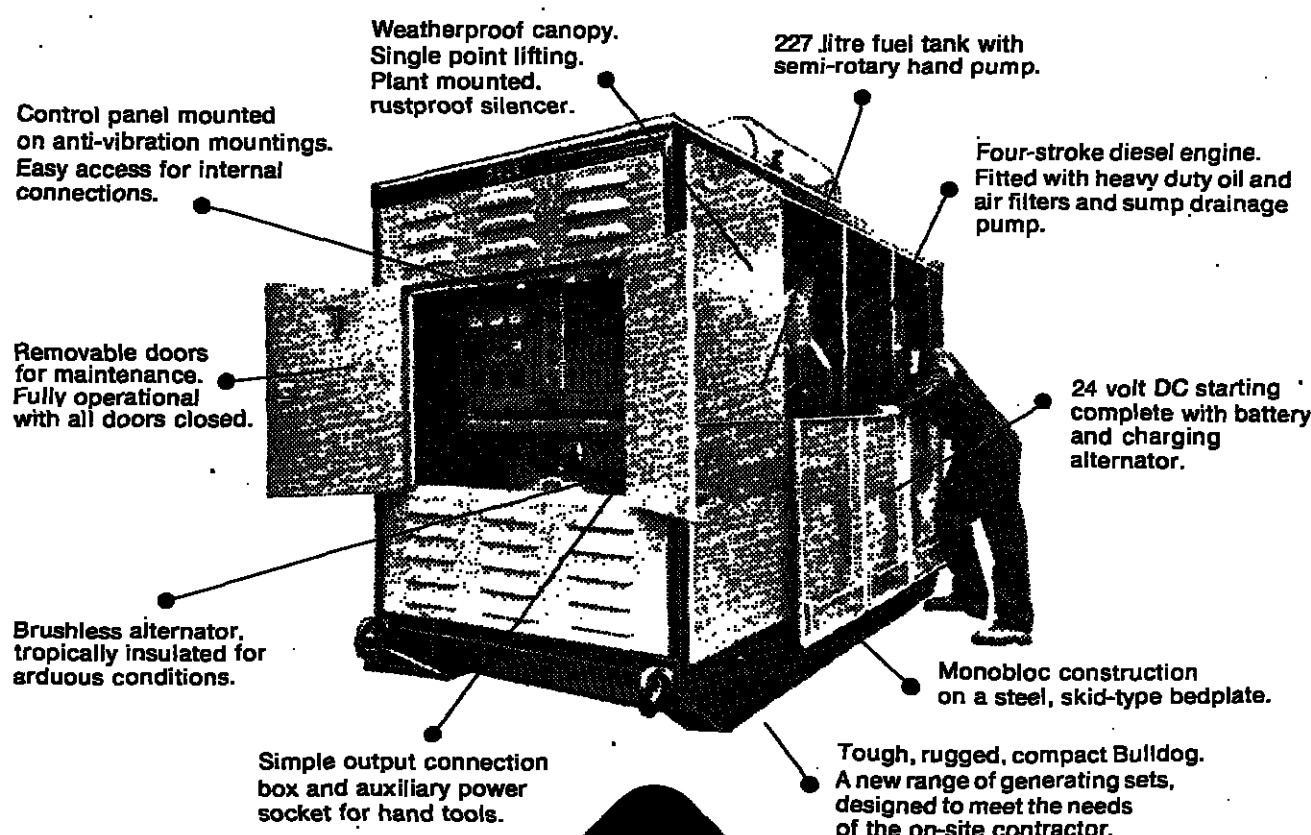
WASHINGTON, May 19 (R) — The Commerce Department reported Friday that U.S. business after tax profits grew more slowly in the first quarter of this year and U.S. economic growth was slower than first estimated.

But government economists said the report gave no clear picture of whether the United States was on the verge of a recession.

The department said real economic growth in the first quarter was only 8.4 per cent compared with 9.7 per cent in its first estimate and 6.9 per cent in the final quarter of last year.

The report showed that the growth of U.S. business profits after tax slowed to \$7.4 billion in the first quarter of this year compared with \$11.3 billion in the first quarter of last year.

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OSHCOR SJ

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## Pakistan gets fertilizer aid

OSLO, Norway, May 19 (AP) — The Norwegian government has approved delivery of fertilizer valued at \$8 million to Pakistan under the 1979 bilateral aid program, the foreign ministry announced Saturday. The program calls for total Norwegian development aid to Pakistan valued at \$14.4 million this year. Pakistan wanted \$8 million used for delivery of the much-needed fertilizer. Pakistan must import about half the fertilizers it needs.

# arab news

## Middle East Shipping Information

Compiled with the co-operation of Lloyds of London.

## India to build Baghdad offices

NEW DELHI, May 19 (R) — A state-owned Indian firm has won a \$40 million contract to construct a building complex for Iraq's Council of Ministers in Baghdad, it was announced here Friday. A spokesman of Engineering Projects (India) Ltd. said the agreement was signed in Iraq Thursday between company Chairman Muhammad Fazal and Iraqi Public Works and Housing Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan.

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	Closing May 15	Closing May 16		Closing May 16	Closing May 17
	Price	Kwasa		Price	Sch.
Bergan Bank	102.10	102.10	Creditanstalt	336	336
Borvigmand	83.00	83.00	Ferlinometer	294	296
Creditbank	122.50	122.50	Salomon	567	569
Laesne	430.00	430.00	Sampers	89	81
Kreditbanken	117.00	117.00	Sneyr Dalmier	238	237
Norsk Hydro Kr. 1	366.25	366.25	Vak Magneest	253	253

.....	1.06-73	1.08-73
<b>RUBBER</b>		
Closing May 17	Closing May 18	
Price Fm.		
Alkal Trading .....	387	390
Ambal Elec., Chem....	163	160
Ambal Glass .....	336	336
Amst. Polym. ....	235	
	235	

ACEC	440	440	Ramya Pharma	613	630
Airbus	2515	2498	Brigoliteco Tire	510	515
Atsuhime	618	622	Conan	536	542
Bramco	990	990	Chiyoda	702	691
Chubu	1740	1400	Chubu Power	953	956
Can Pac	726	802	Chizu Watch	444	447
Coca Cola	582	584	Daiichi Kangaroo Bank	334	338
De Beers	259	255	Dai Nippon Banking	330	335
Denso	6020	6020	Dai Nippon Tokyo	186	180
ESBS	2150	2155	Shimizu Matsushita	485	412
GS-Inno-BM	1218	1285	Fuji Bank	356	345
Harvest	2736	2746	Fuji Pharm	626	632
Hoshino	1236	1246	Fuji Solutions	132	130

Petrol	4,195	4,440	Fuji	415	419
Royal Dutch	2,590	2,268	Hitech	573	591
Safiro	860	806	Reada Motor	573	583
Shell	2,995	2,995	ISI	123	120
Skoda	3,590	3,590	Izoh	428	390
Solvay 'A'	260	260	J.A.L.	2890	2578
Tampara's Cons.	123	123	Kajima	317	318
Union Carbide	820	834	Kasumi	1800	1800
Vellit Motors	1,725	1,755	Kawachi	598	612
Chart Market			Kawasaki Steel	147	145
Amstar/Can Corp.	8,680	8,850	Kibi Brewery	438	438
Fort Motor	7,950	7,950	Kosmos	347	350
			Kubota	271	273

SOC. Gen. Intemp.	5310	5300
Marcusina Inc.	783	769
Macanuba Works	550	555
Mitsubishi Bank	309	309
Mitsubishi Chemical	283	169
Mitsubishi Electric	187	185
Mitsubishi Heavy	146	150
Mitsubishi Corp.	385	400
Mitsui Co.	393	330
Mittal Estate	620	614
Mitsui Smelting	120	117
Mitsui & Co.	481	611
Mitsui Electric	620	608

AMEC (FL130)	100.00	99.40	Nicome	205	209
Amiech (FL130)	72.23	71.00	Nippon Electric	319	322
Bijelcan	78.20	77.80	Nippon Fibre	341	341
Buku West (FL130)	113.20	114.00	Nippon Light Metal	156	155
Chen	66.30	66.30	Nippon Mica	782	795
Cheruk Tetteirano	64.60	63.50	Nippon Oil	1480	1470
Cheruk-VDL (FL130)	278.00	274.00	Nippon Securities	370	365
Randa N. Heaver	146.00	146.00	Nippon Steel	332	332
Chen-Guo (FL130)	71.30	71.30	Nippon Steel Glass	232	232
Chen Brocade (FL130)	37.00	36.70	Nippon Tokai	373	374
Heinrich (FL130)	87.50	86.50	Nippon Yarns	320	318
Hongmang (FL130)	33.24	33.24	Nisum	704	704
			Nissansu Securities	458	455

Hemlar II (FL100).....	100.00	Olympus .....	740	740
Leica L47 (FL100).....	110.00	Ricoch .....	585	575
Int. Muller (FL100).....	36.30	Shary .....	450	450
Nat. Ned. Ins. (FL100).....	111.60	Shony .....	1040	1030
Nat. Cred Bank (FL100).....	56.60	Sony .....	2100	2020
Nat. Cred Bank (FL100).....	56.60	Sumitomo Bank .....	340	340
Nat. Cred Bank (FL100).....	73.40	Sumitomo Cement .....	100	100
Oerf (FL100).....	124.50	Suzuki .....	135	135
Oerf (FL100).....	16.70	Sumitomo Marine .....	254	254
Oerf (FL100).....	22.70	Sumitomo Metal .....	123	123
Oerf (FL100).....	162.40	Takachi .....	230	230
Van Ommere .....	140.00	Takachi .....	267	267
Pakshod (FL100).....	43.00	Takachi .....	267	267
Pakshod (FL100).....	43.00	Takachi .....	267	267
Pakshod (FL100).....	43.00	Takachi .....	267	267
Rijn Sch Ver (FL100).....	39.50	Takachi .....	267	267
Recher (FL100).....	106.50	Takachi .....	267	267

Rafinesco (PL 550)	136.50	143.50	Telja	150	145
Ramirez (PL 550)	121.50	121.75	Toke Rayon	352	343
Royal Dutch (PL 550)	141.00	142.00	Tokyo Gas	125	123
Shaversburg	248.50	249.00	Tokyo Marine	520	520
Tokyo Pac. Eds.	134.00	134.00	Tokyo Power	907	908
Union Ind. (PL 550)	129.48	129.48	Tosny	467	467
Valley River (PL 550)	82.30	82.30	Topy Indus.	174	171
Valley River Ind.	86.00	86.00	Toshiba	146	146
West. U. Ind. Hlth.	379.50	379.50	Toyo Kogyo	580	576
			Toyota	903	915
			Yamaha	257	257
			Yamachi	285	285

	Closing May 18 Price	Closing May 16 Kruener		Closing May 18 Price	Closing May 17 Singapore S
Andelsbanken .....	142 1/2	143 1/4			
Deniske Bank .....	123 1/2	123			
East Asiatic Co. ....	123	123	Industriale .....		
Fyensbanken .....	147 1/4	147 1/4	Bostead Holdings .....	324	328
Blaugborger .....	285	281	Bostead Co. ....	266 1/2	287
Frns. Paap .....	287	287	Cold Storage Bldg. ....	243	244
Handelbank .....	123 1/2	123	Cycles & Carriages .....	366	362
G.N.'s H.K.(K)90 .....	122	122	Eam Ord. ....	454	450

Nord Kabel	2765	2775	Fraser & Neave	625	618
New Industries B.	186	190	Malayan Banking	480	500
Oldfield's	138	134	Harper Glove	UNQ	UNQ
Privatebank	137 1/2	137 1/2	Haw Par Bros.	159	158
Providentbank	140 1/2	140	Ischapore	180	173
Soph. Berendson	432	430	Malayan Beverages	285	295/290
Superior	178 1/2	179 1/2	Malayan Tobacco	414	418
			National Iron	550 1/2	535 1/2
			N.M. Timbers	233	223
			Paper Products	160	158
			R.B.M.	438	438
			Sims Dorch Edge	346	342
			Straka Steamship	252	250/252

[illegible]

Frangula	121	119	Fish Mermaid	182	101
Frangulae (Frax)	50.00	50.00	Goodwood Park	500	500
Hand Ochsenhorn	337	339	Properties:		
Harewood	148	145	Central Properties	175	174
Ma Choo Denging	88.00	81.00	City of London	124	123
Sand "B" Kr 180	225	225.00	Utd Oversee Land	161	158
SEK "B" Kr 50	62.00	63.00	Island Pen. Dev	406	384
Shagbark Elm	137	137	Singapore Land	193	191
Thorn "B" Kr 30	65.00	65.00			
Uddeshon	62.00	62.00	Pain Offer	352	344
Vulva (Kr 50)	87.50	88.50	United Plantations		
			Maintain:		
				890	850

	Closing May 11	Closing May 18
<b>Price Price</b>		
Asiatic .....	111	119
Banco Borneo .....	271	269
Banco Atlantico (1,000) .....	237	236
Banco Central .....	316	320
Banco Exterior .....	278	276
Banco General .....	232	234
Banco Gracioso (1,000) .....	134	134
Kampong Langkat .....	UNQ	246
Pahang Cons. ....	144	145
Selangor Drilling .....	448	448
<b>Rubbers:</b>		
Batu Lintang Rubber .....	286	279
Daeng Rubber .....	394	392
Kampang (Malaya) .....	585	590
K.L. Kepong .....	332	316
Kulim Malaya .....	195	191
Highland & Lowland .....	520	523
Consolid. Plantations .....	229	224

Banco Alagoas	284	286
Banco Ind. Cat. (1,800)	183	185
B. Ind. Mediterraneo	184	184
Banco de Minas	226	226
Banco Santander (250)	321	321
Banco Uruguay (1,000)	263	263
Banco Vizcaya	279	281
Banco Zaragozano	282	282
Banco de Chile	143	143
Banco de Colombia	141	149
Banco de Mexico	151	151
Bahobek & Wilcox	25	25
CTC	102	102

VOTES: Overseas prices shown exclude 5% premium. Belgian dividends are after withholding tax.

1. All prices are in pence unless otherwise stated.

2. DMSO denomi. unless others have been stated. Yields based on mid dividends plus int.

3. S.A. 200 denomi. and Beaver shares unless otherwise stated.

4. DKr. 100 denomi. unless otherwise stated.

5. Ptas. 500 denomi. unless others have been stated.

6. Yen 50 denomi. unless others have been stated.

7. W = Ex rights. N = No Ex rights. D = Ex-dividend. X = Ex rights. 1/2 NO = 1/2 exempted.

Dragados	154	
E. I. Aragoncort	28.50	
Esencia Zinc	92	94
Expl. Rio Tinto	40.50	42.00
Fenosa (1,000)	55.50	55.75
Fenosa (1,000)	55	55.00
Gal. Prachidos	72	69
Grupos Viazapaz (400)	165	165
Hidrofluor	67.50	68.50
Iberduero	62.50	64.50
Imapazul	30	78
Olarrn	38	78
Olarrn	38	78
Olarrn	38	78

Papagiri Kematics	57.00	34
Perak	9.00	4
Petrolco	164.00	167.75
Sarrie Papagiri	39	39
Saline	45	44
Sogafin	1.30	1.30
Tanaka	77.00	76.50
Torres Hensche	52	53.25
Tubacco	46.00	41.50
Union Elec	69.00	69.75

The following rounded rates were quoted for London 100/100/100 per cent basis: two years for 1980/1981, 1981/1982, 1982/1983, 1983/1984, 1984/1985, 1985/1986, 1986/1987, 1987/1988, 1988/1989, 1989/1990, 1990/1991, 1991/1992, 1992/1993, 1993/1994, 1994/1995, 1995/1996, 1996/1997, 1997/1998, 1998/1999, 1999/2000, 2000/2001, 2001/2002, 2002/2003, 2003/2004, 2004/2005, 2005/2006, 2006/2007, 2007/2008, 2008/2009, 2009/2010, 2010/2011, 2011/2012, 2012/2013, 2013/2014, 2014/2015, 2015/2016, 2016/2017, 2017/2018, 2018/2019, 2019/2020, 2020/2021, 2021/2022, 2022/2023, 2023/2024, 2024/2025, 2025/2026, 2026/2027, 2027/2028, 2028/2029, 2029/2030, 2030/2031, 2031/2032, 2032/2033, 2033/2034, 2034/2035, 2035/2036, 2036/2037, 2037/2038, 2038/2039, 2039/2040, 2040/2041, 2041/2042, 2042/2043, 2043/2044, 2044/2045, 2045/2046, 2046/2047, 2047/2048, 2048/2049, 2049/2050, 2050/2051, 2051/2052, 2052/2053, 2053/2054, 2054/2055, 2055/2056, 2056/2057, 2057/2058, 2058/2059, 2059/2060, 2060/2061, 2061/2062, 2062/2063, 2063/2064, 2064/2065, 2065/2066, 2066/2067, 2067/2068, 2068/2069, 2069/2070, 2070/2071, 2071/2072, 2072/2073, 2073/2074, 2074/2075, 2075/2076, 2076/2077, 2077/2078, 2078/2079, 2079/2080, 2080/2081, 2081/2082, 2082/2083, 2083/2084, 2084/2085, 2085/2086, 2086/2087, 2087/2088, 2088/2089, 2089/2090, 2090/2091, 2091/2092, 2092/2093, 2093/2094, 2094/2095, 2095/2096, 2096/2097, 2097/2098, 2098/2099, 2099/2100, 2100/2101, 2101/2102, 2102/2103, 2103/2104, 2104/2105, 2105/2106, 2106/2107, 2107/2108, 2108/2109, 2109/2110, 2110/2111, 2111/2112, 2112/2113, 2113/2114, 2114/2115, 2115/2116, 2116/2117, 2117/2118, 2118/2119, 2119/2120, 2120/2121, 2121/2122, 2122/2123, 2123/2124, 2124/2125, 2125/2126, 2126/2127, 2127/2128, 2128/2129, 2129/2130, 2130/2131, 2131/2132, 2132/2133, 2133/2134, 2134/2135, 2135/2136, 2136/2137, 2137/2138, 2138/2139, 2139/2140, 2140/2141, 2141/2142, 2142/2143, 2143/2144, 2144/2145, 2145/2146, 2146/2147, 2147/2148, 2148/2149, 2149/2150, 2150/2151, 2151/2152, 2152/2153, 2153/2154, 2154/2155, 2155/2156, 2156/2157, 2157/2158, 2158/2159, 2159/2160, 2160/2161, 2161/2162, 2162/2163, 2163/2164, 2164/2165, 2165/2166, 2166/2167, 2167/2168, 2168/2169, 2169/2170, 2170/2171, 2171/2172, 2172/2173, 2173/2174, 2174/2175, 2175/2176, 2176/2177, 2177/2178, 2178/2179, 2179/2180, 2180/2181, 2181/2182, 2182/2183, 2183/2184, 2184/2185, 2185/2186, 2186/2187, 2187/2188, 2188/2189, 2189/2190, 2190/2191, 2191/2192, 2192/2193, 2193/2194, 2194/2195, 2195/2196, 2196/2197, 2197/2198, 2198/2199, 2199/2200, 2200/2201, 2201/2202, 2202/2203, 2203/2204, 2204/2205, 2205/2206, 2206/2207, 2207/2208, 2208/2209, 2209/2210, 2210/2211, 2211/2212, 2212/2213, 2213/2214, 2214/2215, 2215/2216, 2216/2217, 2217/2218, 2218/2219, 2219/2220, 2220/2221, 2221/2222, 2222/2223, 2223/2224, 2224/2225, 2225/2226, 2226/2227, 2227/2228, 2228/2229, 2229/2230, 2230/2231, 2231/2232, 2232/2233, 2233/2234, 2234/2235, 2235/2236, 2236/2237, 2237/2238, 2238/2239, 2239/2240, 2240/2241, 2241/2242, 2242/2243, 2243/2244, 2244/2245, 2245/2246, 2246/2247, 2247/2248, 2248/2249, 2249/2250, 2250/2251, 2251/2252, 2252/2253, 2253/2254, 2254/2255, 2255/2256, 2256/2257, 2257/2258, 2258/2259, 2259/2260, 2260/2261, 2261/2262, 2262/2263, 2263/2264, 2264/2265, 2265/2266, 2266/2267, 2267/2268, 2268/2269, 2269/2270, 2270/2271, 2271/2272, 2272/2273, 2273/2274, 2274/2275, 2275/2276, 2276/2277, 2277/2278, 2278/2279, 2279/2280, 2280/2281, 2281/2282, 2282/2283, 2283/2284, 2284/2285, 2285/2286, 2286/2287, 2287/2288, 2288/2289, 2289/2290, 2290/2291, 2291/2292, 2292/2293, 2293/2294, 2294/2295, 2295/2296, 2296/2297, 2297/2298, 2298/2299, 2299/2300, 2300/2301, 2301/2302, 2302/2303, 2303/2304, 2304/2305, 2305/2306, 2306/2307, 2307/2308, 2308/2309, 2309/2310, 2310/2311, 2311/2312, 2312/2313, 2313/2314, 2314/2315, 2315/23

## EXCHANGE RATES AND LONDON GOLD

<b>LONDON</b>			
<b>May 18</b>	<b>Range</b>		
USA.....	2.0475-2.0485	Irish Pound.....	1.9845
Canada.....	2.3680-2.3610	Portuguese Escudo....	49.70

France	9,990-6,100	NEW YORK	
Belgium	6,025-6,15		
Italy	17,925-21,793.58	May 18 Opening Prices	
Holland	4,250-4,269	STC	2,0490-2,0490
Switzerland	3,540-3,570	BFR CON	30.81-30.81
W. Germany	3,9328-3,9435	CAN	84.00-84.00
Sweden	9,990-0,0298	FFR	4,4405-4,4420
Norway	10,7025-10,7135	LIT	854.00-855.00
Denmark	18,000-18,009	DFL	2,9959-2,9960
Australia	29,83-29,08		

Portugal	192.00-192.50	DEN	1,920.01-1,921.25
Spain	132.00-133.00	VAK	219.00-219.28
Japan	445.75-449.50	ALU	54.00-54.08
Ireland	1,290-1,048.00	DKR	5,115.55-5,311.70
		NKR	6,238.5-6,247.00
		49-70-00KT	49-70-00KT
		SACR	3,915-4,395.00
		BFR FIN	31.04-32.09
		SPAIN	66.12-66.17
		MICO	21.75-21.80

May 16  
 1,876.02  
 20,590.00  
 1,907.4

Dutch Guilder .....  
 Belgian Franc .....  
 Deutsch Mark .....

Ste. one month 20-15 disc. two months 50-51 disc.

Hong Kong Dollar	5.0375
Indian Rupee	22.6500
Italian Lira	629.900
Japanese Yen	214.000
Swiss Franc	1.7265
U.S. Dollar	2.4590
Dutch Kroner	3.3642
Norwegian Kroner	5.1967
Swedish Kroner	4.9377
Canadian Dollar	66.46
Spanish Peseta	16.27
Australian Dollar	14.86
Irish Pound	1.9045
Portuguese Escudo	98.70

LONDON GOLD	
	May 18
Midday fix	\$376.48
Morning fix	\$377.50
Yesterday's fix	\$377.50

**Abreast of the Market: A Special Report**  
By Victor J. Hillery

**DOW JONES  
CLOSING STOCK AVERAGES**

dollar in which a large part of their assets are held.  
More than 1,000 New York stock exchange houses  
owned and operated in the United States, better than three

May 18			
30 Industrials	842.95	1P 14.47	or 1.75%
20 Transport	228.36	1P 4.29	or 1.91%
10 Energy	117.45	1P 1.49	or 1.27%
65 Stocks	287.93	1P 4.95	or 1.75%

New York — 14.47 — Climbing 18 Stock prices and a strong dollar almost had fuel a rally broad only Thursday afternoon in active trading.

The Dow Jones Industrial average spiked 14.47 points to 842.95, the highest since the 1929 crash to one.

The switch in the administration's oil policy was one of the steps that President Jimmy Carter took to deal with the energy crisis that has plagued the country. The Volstead Sherrington was one of the big depressants recently on stock prices. Thursday the Federal energy regulatory commission's decision to make it easier for industries and electric utilities to switch to natural gas was one of the reasons for the jump in prices, said Gary B. Helms, New York Director at Leach Ruchman, Hornbush and Co., was the news Wednesday that industrial production fell 1.2 last month, the first decline in 12 months.

March. "When the Energy Department began encouraging U.S. oil companies to buy more foreign oil, despite the soaring price of crude oil on international spot markets, this was, in effect, countenancing a rise in domestic oil prices," says Robert L. Anderson, vice-president at Rache Halsey Stuart Shields Inc.

Charles Schuchman, chairman of the council of advisers to the Federal Reserve, says that "oil prices in the world would provide a strong signal to the OPEC that we are truly tightening our belts and at the same time strengthening the value of the dollar."

Oil prices are expected to rise as the dollar's buying economy is emerging and this could mean the easing of inflationary pressures and eventually a drop in interest rates. "The money supply," says Anderson, "is not the only thing there was some expectation that the money supply data from the latest statement week would show a decline or at least a slower rate of growth." Federal Reserve Chairman Paul Volcker reported that the Nation's basic money supply, M1, rose 906 million dollars in the week ended May 14, 1980, compared with 800 million in the week ended May 14, 1979. The total money supply, M2, rose 1.1 billion dollars. Big jumps in the money supply are viewed by some investors as putting pressure on the Fed to tighten credit further.

**New York Bond Market: A Special Report**

**DOW JONES**  
**CLOSING BOND AVERAGES**

May 18	
20 Bonds .....	83.83 Up 0.34

Elsewhere in the market Thursday, sharply higher prices were posted during the regular trading hours on most seasoned issues. However, those markups were erased almost entirely in the late afternoon following the report of an

10 Public Utilities .....	81.81	Up 0.59
10 Industrials .....	82.85	Up 0.08

STOCKS — (AP-UP) — A record volume of New York stock market trading followed the market's rise to a second week of record high prices, as investors continued to pour money into the market. The Dow Jones Industrial Average rose 1.08 points to 1,069.44. The New York Stock Exchange reported a record 14,000 shares traded.

Money supply would be unchanged or even a little lower, and the surprising increase reflected higher Treasury bill sales, said a Federal Reserve Bank specialist remarked. "Everyone will be watching closely for signs of a further tightening after the Federal Reserve system's policy-setting open market committee meets next week."

Treasury notes and bonds had been up as much as 14.23 earlier in the session, but their gains were reversed by the time the market closed. The release of the Monetary data. The 9 1/2% note rose 1/8. May 1969 by late trading were only about 5/32 off the previous day's closing.

These involve proposed loans of \$90 million to the state of California by Gulf Oil Corp., only the second industrial concern to offer the states, and 150 million dollars by International Corp.

Gulf Oil's features will amount because their beneficial payment is to be set at a specified spread above an average yield, 30-year Treasury Bonds. All other features, including those to be sold by International, are pegged to the return by six-month bills.

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May 18 Linttime Prices			
	Today's Closing	Previous Closing	
	\$ per tonne		
<b>COCOA</b>			
May .....	1713	1705	
June .....	1657	1650	
September .....	1679	1678	
December .....	1738	1732	
January .....	1750	1746	
<b>SOYABEAN MEAL</b>			
June .....	124.90	124.50	Today's Closing \$ per tonne
August .....	125.00	125.30	Today's Closing
October .....	126.00	125.90	
December .....	125.80	125.60	
February .....	127.50	126.50	
April .....	129.00	126.50	

May .....	1765	1759	June .....	130.00	120.50
May .....	1785	1760			
<b>ROBUSTA COFFEE</b>					
	¢ per tonne		May 18 Official Close		
May .....	1687	1689			
July .....	1696	1685			
September .....	1477	1475			
November .....	1476	1474			
January .....	1472	1470			
March .....	1459	1458			
May .....	1455	1440			
<b>ALUMINIUM</b>					
			Today's Closing	Previous Closing	
			per tonne		
			Cash .....	778.00	780.00
			Three months .....	781.00	784.50
			Settlement .....	780.00	—
<b>COFFER</b>					
	Wheat	Barley			
<b>CRABES</b>					

GRAINS		Yearly 1/2 Closing	Yearly 1/2 Closing	¢ per bushel	
			¢ per long ton		
May	98.25	96.00	Wheat	938.00	939.00
June	91.00	86.00	Three months	948.50	949.00
November	94.25	90.15	Settlement	939.00	—
January	98.00	90.15	Cash	924.00	925.00
March	101.20	95.85	Three months	939.00	940.00
			Settlement	925.00	—
<b>RUBBER</b>					
			¢ per ton		
June	62.50	62.20	Cash	612.00	613.00
July	63.80	64.20	Three months	581.50	582.50
September	64.00	64.00	Settlement	581.50	—
<b>LEAD</b>					
			¢ per ton		
June	62.50	62.20	Cash	612.00	613.00
July	63.80	64.20	Three months	581.50	582.50
September	64.00	64.00	Settlement	581.50	—

[illegible]

March	117.95	120.00	Cash	7485	7480
May	120.00	122.00	Three months	7465	7270
August	124.50	124.25	Seven months	7425	—
October	128.25	127.50	High Grade Cash	7485	7480
			Three months	7270	7200
			Seven months	7490	—
<b>WHITE SUGAR</b>					
	¢ per long ton				
July	105.65	105.50	Cash	7485	7480
September	109.28	109.75	Three months	7270	7200
November	111.90	112.00	Seven months	7490	—
			<b>ZINC</b>		
				¢ per tonne	
February	119.40	118.75	Cash	376.00	377.00
April	121.25	121.75	Three months	368.50	369.50
July	126.80	128.25			

September .....	130.80	128.25	SECTEURS .....	27.1500			
<b>INTEREST RATES</b>							
	Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	W. German Mark	French Franc	Italian Lire	Austrian Dollar	Japanese Yen
3m	7.7%	5 1/8%	5 1/8 5/32 1/16	9-10	9-10	10 1/2-11	4 5/8-7 1/16
6m	7.7%	5 1/8%	5 1/8 5/32 1/16	9-10	10-11	10 1/2-11	4 3/4-5 5/16
1yr							

7/10	7-7 1/2%	10/10-15/15	5-5 1/2%	15/15-20/20	11-12	20/17-20/13/16	4-15-16-5
7/10	7-9 1/2%	13/16	11-1 1/2%	2-5-5 1/2%	10-10%	11-12	10/17-20/13/16
7/10	10/11-12/12	2-2 1/2	10/10-11/16	10-10%	11-12	10/17-11/17	5-15-16-5
7/10	8-7 1/2-11/16	2-2 1/2	6-9/16-11/16	10-10%	12-13	10-11	5-13/16-16-5

dollar certificates of deposit: One month 10-10-11 1/2 per cent; three months 10-10-11 1/2 per cent; six months 10-10-11 1/2 per cent; one year 10-10-11 1/2 per cent; two years 10-10-11 1/2 per cent; four years 10-10-11 1/2 per cent; five years 10-10-11 1/2 per cent nominal.

U.S. dollars and Canadian dollars two day's notice for bankers and Visa/Amex. Asian rates are closing rates.



B.C.

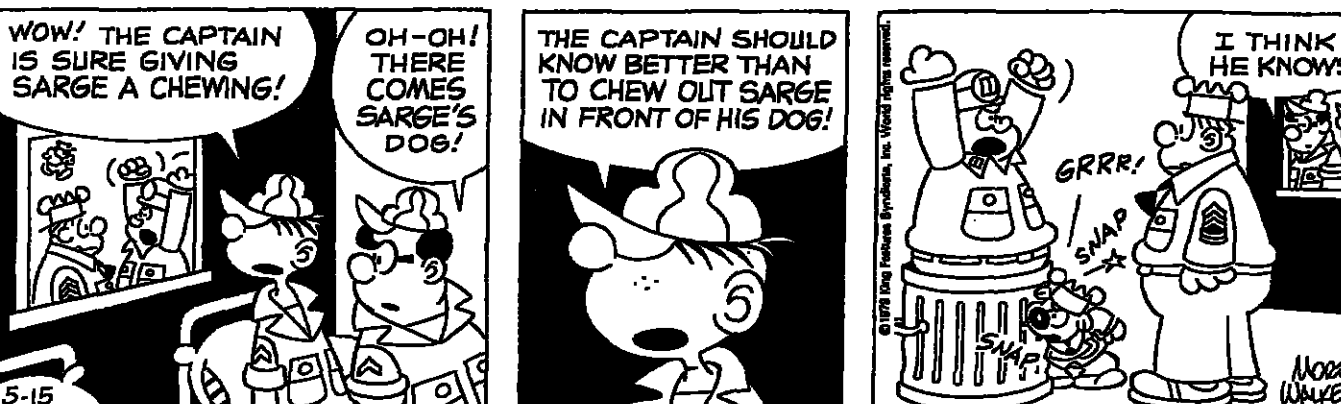
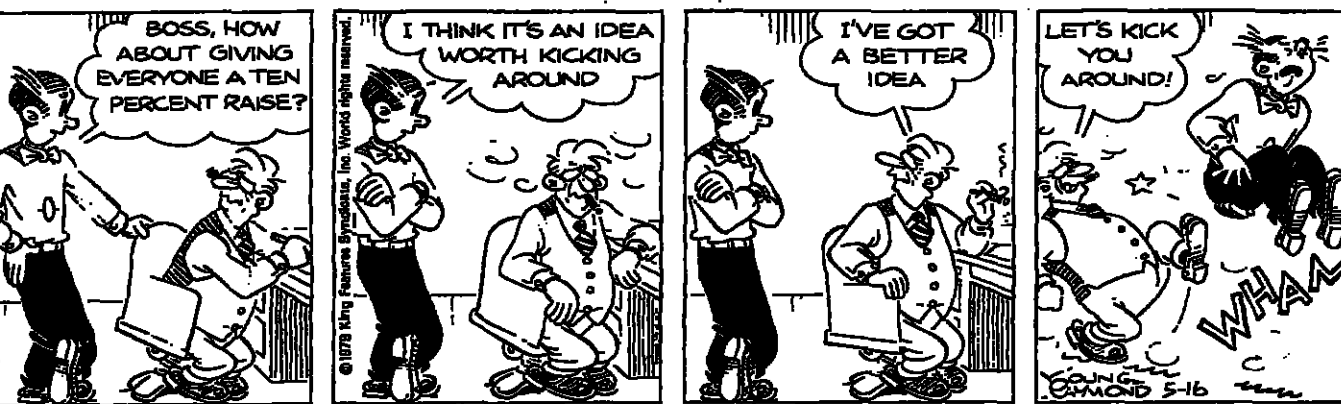
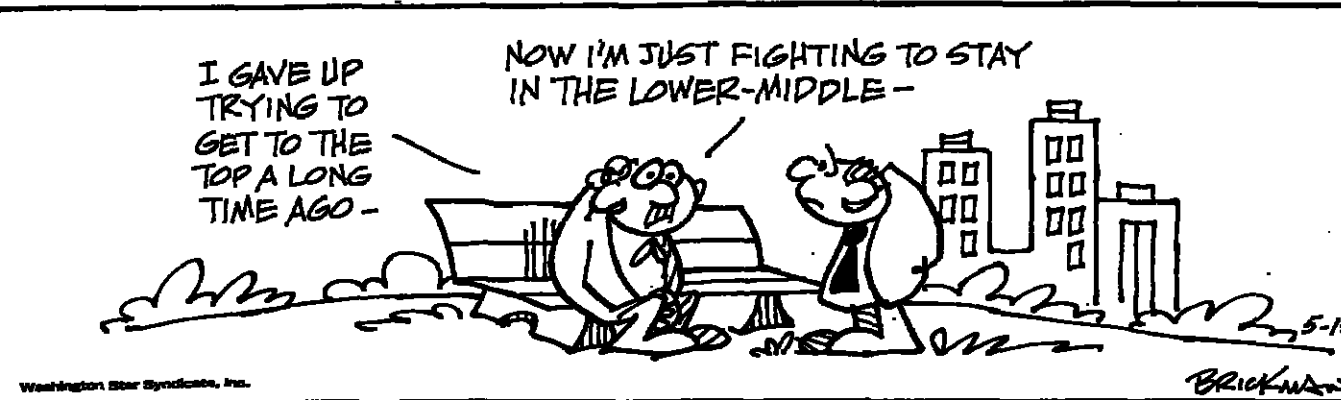
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

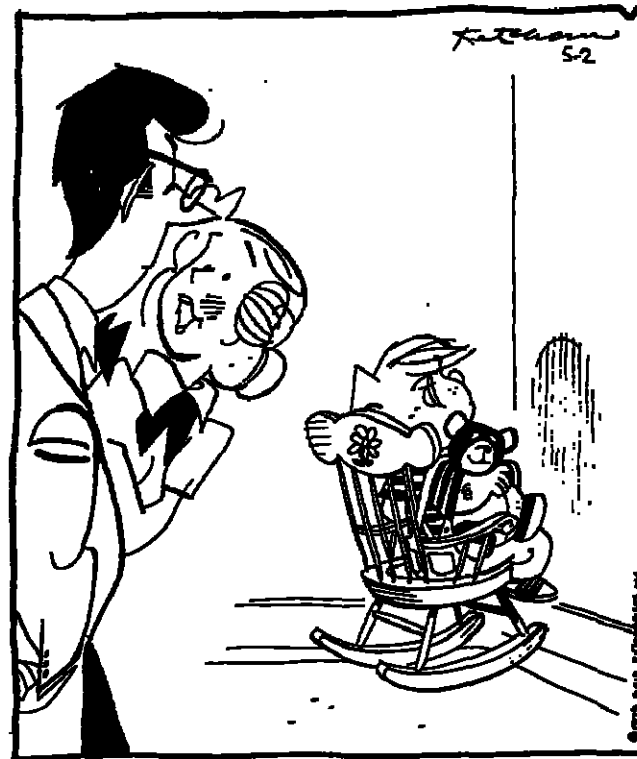
BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



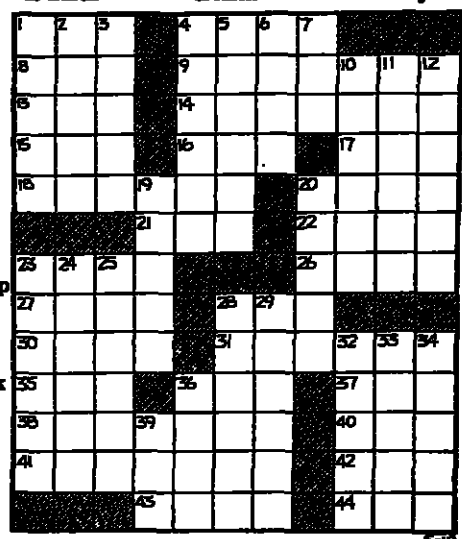
## Dennis the Menace



## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword  
by THOMAS JOSEPH

- ACROSS  
1 Drop  
4 German card game  
8 Neighbor of Ga.  
9 Tied the oxfords  
13 Glowing  
14 Fruit mixture  
15 Intrepid flyer  
16 American Indian  
17 Get it?  
18 Forsake  
20 Company  
21 Turban  
22 Jo - Worley  
23 Lorne film sleuth  
26 College in Oregon  
27 Soon  
28 Work unit  
29 Wet  
31 East Indian cedar  
35 M.D.'s group  
36 Fencing dummy  
37 Fast  
38 "Dry" drink  
40 Marble  
41 Native  
42 Greek letter  
43 Prudence  
44 Song spot
- DOWN  
1 Sidedish  
2 Restaurant owner, in a song  
3 Security items  
4 Get one's hands on  
5 Puzzling  
6 Nautic disease  
7 Spigot  
10 Trig term  
11 Perpetual poet  
12 Thought to be  
19 Black  
20 Singer, Donna -  
23 Bovey's title  
24 Type of band  
25 Facing  
26 Heavenly  
28 Left by gradual erosion  
29 Asian holiday  
32 Outmoded  
33 5 1/2-point type  
34 Martin's partner  
36 Fine cotton  
39 Asian holiday



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:

A X Y D L B A A X E  
M L O N G F E L L O W

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

A W V O U W S P T C W T Z Y O

D O U C W T W C U W W H G Z B W L U

O H L D L Z G Z Y F Y U M F L Z B

Y Z B W U A W V - U Y H W U Z H D O Q M

Yesterday's Cryptquote: LIFE IS A MATTER ABOUT WHICH WE ARE LOST IF WE REASON EITHER TOO MUCH OR TOO LITTLE - SAMUEL BUTLER

## Rings Believe It or Not!



## Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

## The Proper Order of Plays

South dealer.

North-South vulnerable.

NORTH

A A 3 3

Q J 4

Q Q 10 5

A A Q J 10 9

WEST

Q Q 10 7 5

Q 10 9 7 5

Q J 3

K 3 2

EAST

Q Q 8 8 3 2

Q 9 7 6 4 2

Q 8 6 5

SOUTH

K 3 9 5 4 2

Q A K

Q A K 8

Q 7 4

The bidding:

1♠ Pass 2♣ Pass

3♠ Pass 6♣

Opening lead - ten of hearts.

To be a top-notch declarer

you must live in a constant

state of fear! You should hope

for the best but prepare for the

worst. Assume you're in six

spades and West leads a heart.

At once it is obvious there are

no real suit losers and that the

only possible losers are a club

and either one or two trump

tricks.

You win the heart and the

question is what to do next.

You can take the club finesse

and then tackle trumps, or

tackle trumps and then take

the club finesse. It may seem

like a case of six of one, but

actually the proper order of

plays is to lead a club first.

Let's go to the actual hand

and see what happens when

you try the club finesse at

trick two. It wins and now you

have a sure thing, since the

only problem that remains is

to protect against a 4-0 trump

division.

You lead the king of trumps,

thus guarding against four

trumps in either opponent's

hand. As it happens, East

shows out and it is easy to

restrict yourself to one trump

loser. Had West shown out,

you would also have lost only

one trick by playing a low

trump to the ace and a trump

back.

Now let's assume you had

decided to tackle trumps

before attempting the club

finesse. In that case you would

follow the normal procedure

of leading a low trump to the

ace, and all your hopes and

expectations would suddenly

go kerplunk.

But that would be the wrong

way to play the hand - and

readers of this column are not

expected to do the wrong

thing!

## ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

## PRAYER TIMES

Sunday	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	4:19	5:45	12:23	3:38	6:56	8:26
Medina	4:12	5:34	12:24	3:50	7:02	8:32
Nejd	3:46	5:15	11:56	3:20	6:33	8:03

## DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Childrens Show	Electric Company: 440, Kidsworld 43
5:42 Superman	The Girl who Hired Superman
6:08 W.W. World of Animals	The Ingenious Insect
6:56 Heartline to health	Menues and Appetites
7:20 Happy Days	Fonzie's Hero
7:55 The Saint	Island of Chance
8:44 Soccer: Road to Wembley	Leicester vs. Norwich
9:43 Famous Film	Subterfuge
6:31 Celebrity Cooks	Ted Ziegler

## WEATHER

Forecast for the next 24 hours:  
The easterly winds will get active over the northern and parts of the central and western regions, raising dust and sands and causing poor visibility. Medium and low clouds will concentrate over the northern region and the southwestern highlands offering chances of sporadic thundershowers. The temperatures will, however, rise over the central and northeastern regions, but will have a declining trend over the northwestern region.

Sea conditions will be moderate to medium in the territorial waters.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Saturday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	38	26	Nejran	37	22
Jeddah	35	24	Tabuk	35	19
Riyadh	37	23	Arar	36	16
Dhahran	35	25	Bisha	37	24
Medina	38	25	Yanbu	35	23
Taif	35	21	Abha	30	16

## SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 96 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band

On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band

## SUNDAY

2:00 Opening	10:05 Message to the Faithful
2:01 The Holy Quran	10:10 Light Music
2:05 Gems of Guidance	10:15 NEWS
2:10 A Saudi Tableau	10:25 S.A. - A Daily Chronicle
2:20 On Islam	10:30 The World Atlas
2:30 Off the Record	11:00 Youth Welfare
3:00 NEWS	11:10 Music
3:10 Press Review	11:15 Top of the Pops
3:15 Music	11:45 Arabic by Radio
3:20	12:00 Imp., Com. & Recollections
3:30 Leaps & Bounds	12:10 MUSIC
3:40 MUSIC	12:15 Stay Aware After Midnight
3:50 Close Down	12:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
Evening Transmission	01:00 Close Down
10:00 Opening	
10:01 The Holy Quran	

## VOA

P.M.	10:05 Opinion: Analyses
8:00 News Roundup: Reports: Actualities: Opinion: Analyses	10:30 VOC Magazine: American; Science; Cultural; Letter
8:30 Dateline	11:00 Special English: News
9:00 News Summary	11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
9:00 Special English: News; Feature. The Making of a Nation	12:00 VOA WORLD REPORT
9:30 Music USA: (Standards)	Midnight
10:00 News Roundup: Reports: Actualities	12:00 News Newsmakers' voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses.

## BBC

Morning Transmission	4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
8:00 World News	5:15 Report on Religion
8:09 *Twenty-Four Hours	6:00 Radio Newsreel
8:30 *Sarah Ward	6:15 *Outlook
8:45 World Today	7:00 World News
9:00 Newsdesk	7:09 Commentary
9:30 *Opera Star	7:15 *Sherlock Holmes
10:00 World News	7:45 World Today
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours	8:00 World News
10:30 *Sarah Ward	8:09 *Books and Writers
10:45 *Something to Show You	8:30 *Take One
11:00 World News	8:45 Sports Round-up
11:09 FRReflections	9:00 World News
11:15 Piano Style	9:09 News about Britain
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	9:15 Radio Newsreel
12:00 World News	9:30 Farming World
12:09 British Review	10:00 Outlook News Summary
12:15 World Today	10:39 Stock Market Report
12:30 Financial News	10:43 Look Ahead
12:40 Look Ahead	10:45 Ulster in Focus
12:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show	11:00 World News
1:15 Ulster in Focus	11:09 Twenty-Four Hours: news Summary
1:30 Discovery	11:30 The Pleasure's Yours
2:00 World News	Midnight Transmission
2:00 World News	12:15 Talkabout
2:09 News about Britain	12:45 Nature Notebook
2:15 Alphabet of Musical Curios	1:00 World News
2:30 Sports International	1:09 World Today
2:40 Radio Newsreel	1:25 Financial News
3:15 Promenade Concert	1:35 Book Choice
3:45 Sports Round-up	1:40 Reflections
4:00 World News	1:45 Sports Round-up
4:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	2:00 World News
	2:09 Commentary
	2:15 The Face of England

## Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR SUNDAY, MAY 20, 1979

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈  
After a profitable time by yourself, you may overdo socially and spend too much in the pursuit of pleasure. Avoid extremes.

**Taurus** (Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉  
You could get carried away by good times, and as the day progresses come on in a manner that turns off newly won admirers.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 20) ♊  
The day begins with a preoccupation with career matters. Later, if one social plan doesn't work out, you're liable to try another.

**CANCER** (June 21 to July 22) ♋  
The day ends on a romantic note - but only after much time, energy, or cash is spent in the company of friends in search of good times.

**LEO** (July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌  
You could go overboard regarding a business venture. Despite your enthusiasm, you may not be seeing the picture realistically.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍  
You may feel let down by a close one. Travelers need to keep abreast of time schedules. Good times could cause you to be careless.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎  
Concentration on work problems is the safest way to improve joint assets. You're prone to take risks en theologically.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ♏  
No sense mixing business with pleasure now. You're liable to find your attention split in two directions. The p.m. can be romantic.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) ♐  
You seemed confined about a domestic situation. Later, you may take risks with diet and may also be careless about routine tasks.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) ♑  
A daydreaming mood impedes concentration. You needn't try so hard to impress a romantic interest. Maintain sense of decorum.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) ♒  
You may feel sorry for a friend, but hold on to your cash. Businesslike plans about inferior decorating may be too lavish.

**PISCES** (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♓  
Mistakes in judgment are likely now. Be level-headed and refrain from overindulging in food or drink. Be more prudent.

مكتبة من الأصل



## TERMINATION OF SERVICES

ARAB COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES LTD.  
TRAVEL DEPT. RIYADH ANNOUNCES THE  
TERMINATION OF MR. ROGER H.M. KHAWAM  
SERVICES OF LEBANESE NATIONALITY BY  
EXIT VISA ONLY. ANY PERSON WHO HAS  
ANY CLAIM ON MR. KHAWAM SHOULD  
NOTIFY ACE, TRAVEL C/O INTERCONTI-  
NENTAL HOTEL WITHIN A PERIOD OF ONE  
WEEK FROM THIS ANNOUNCEMENT.  
ANY CLAIM AFTER THE LAPSE OF THIS  
DATE WILL NOT BE HONOURED.

## Position Open

Chief Accountant for major firm  
located in Riyadh. Must have University  
degree in Accounting. Advanced degree  
desirable. Arabic Language advantageous  
but not essential.  
Applicants must be industrious and  
prepared to do accounting work as well  
as supervise Accounting Staff.

Serious candidates can call:  
Tel: 24885 for interview.

## ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR EMPLOYEES MR. MASSIMO COMI  
HOLDER OF ITALIAN PASSPORT  
NO. 8304792/P AND MR. PETER  
HANDLEY HOLDER OF BRITISH PASSPORT  
NO. 4559908 ARE LEAVING THE KINGDOM  
VERY SOON. ANYONE WHO HAS CLAIMS  
AGAINST THEM MAY CONTACT M.S.J.V.  
PHONE 69714 AND WRITE TO P.O. BOX 4286  
RIYADH WITHIN ONE WEEK FROM TODAY.

## VACANCIES FOR TECHNICIANS

SAUDI BIAD LTD HAS THE FOLLOWING  
VACANCIES.

- |  | NO. |
|--|-----|
| 1. SERVICE MANAGER FOR CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING                | 1   |
| 2. MECHANICAL TECHNICAL DRAFTSMAN FOR CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING | 2   |
| 3. SHEET METAL SHOP SUPERINTENDENT FOR DUCTS WORKSHOP          | 1   |
| 4. SHEET METAL SHOP FOREMEN FOR DUCTS WORKSHOP                 | 2   |

INTERESTED PERSONNEL WISHING TO APPLY FOR THESE POSITIONS AND HAVE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS PLEASE WRITE TO FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR P.O. BOX 6121 JEDDAH OR TELEPHONE 56296/58710 FOR APPOINTMENT FOR INTERVIEW. SAUDI NATIONALS ARE PREFERRED.

### CONDITIONS:-

1. THREE YEARS EXPERIENCE IN THEIR FIELD
2. HAVE A VALID RESIDENCY PERMIT FOR SAUDI ARABIA.
3. KNOWLEDGE OF ARABIC AND ENGLISH LANGUAGES.
4. HAVE A VALID SAUDI DRIVING LICENCE.
5. SALARIES WILL BE ASSESSED ACCORDING TO QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE.

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Groundcover, vines, shrubs, trees - all the highest quality materials carefully grown in our modern nursery at El Kharj.

Specializing in materials adapted to desert conditions, URDCO can provide landscape plantings, city beautification projects, indoor plants for your home or office.

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Contact URDCO for turnkey landscape projects of all sizes. We design to your needs, supply plant materials, install plantings, and efficient irrigation systems. We provide continuing maintenance of the landscape.

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Jeddah, 51665  
Al Khobar, 44204



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Jeddah S.A.

## FOR RENT

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c/w 3 bedrooms,  
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available,  
located on Airport Road  
- rate negotiable.  
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Riyadh: 87883-81017.

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ACCORDING TO THE INTL.  
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS.

WE HAVE SPECIALISED  
TECHNICIANS FOR INSTALLATION  
AND ERRECTION WITH EFFICIENT  
AND FAST!

FOR MORE INFORMATION  
PLEASE CALL:

MR. KASSAB, 65116, 60576.

ATCO SAUDI ARABIA LTD.  
P.O. BOX: 5855  
TEL: 56292  
JEDDAH S.A.

ATCO Saudi Arabia Ltd.,  
advises that  
Mr. Hassan Mahmud Abu-Bakr,  
Somali passport # 436/2  
is no longer employed  
by the company.  
His services being terminated  
May 1, 1979. ATCO declines  
any responsibility for any  
actions of this  
individual from May 1, 1979.

## ATCO SAUDI ARABIA LTD.

P.O. Box: 5855

Tel: 56292 Jeddah S.A.

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75,000 SR.
- 2 12 1/2 ton B.E. crane  
90,000 SR each
- 2- Clark fork trucks  
19,500 SR. each
- 1- D343 Cat generator 150 KW  
49,500 SR each
- 3- D348 Cat generators 500 KW  
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- 2- 40 ft flatbed trailers  
5,000 SR each
- 2- Toyota Coaster buses  
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All reasonable offers accepted  
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AGENTS OF  
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BREMEN

ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF  
M.V. RABENFEELS  
VOY: 9108 H. Date: 18-5-1979.  
(UNDER EMEC SERVICES)

CONSIGNEES HAVING CARGO ON THIS VESSEL  
UNDER HANSA/ NEDLLOYD/ CMB BILLS OF LAD-  
ING ARE REQUESTED TO CONTACT RESPECTIVE  
SHIPPING AGENTS TO OBTAIN DELIVERY ORDER  
ON PRESENTATION OF ORIGINAL BILLS OF LAD-  
INGS.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT:

HAJI ABDULLAH ALIREZA & CO.  
SHIPPING DEPARTMENT  
P. O. BOX 7158 JEDDAH  
PHONE: 26329 - 22233  
CABLE: ZAINALREZASHIP  
TELEX: 401037 ZEREZA SJ

NEDLLOYD AGENTS:  
AL-ATTAS AGENCIES  
PHONE: 28333

CMB AGENTS:  
AL-GOSAIBI AGENCIES  
PHONE: 31481

## Employment Opportunities

### 1. SENIOR ACCOUNTANT

This highly responsible position requires a fully experienced Accountant with at least 10 years background in preparation of income statements, balance sheets, trial balance, maintenance of general ledger and subsidiary ledgers and complicated statistical reports.

Candidates will be tested for:

- a) Knowledge of accounting principles.
- b) Knowledge of bookkeeping procedures.
- c) Ability to handle large volume of detail with a high degree of accuracy and speed.
- d) Fluency in English and Hindi Language.
- e) General employment prerequisites described below.

### 2. SPARE PARTS TECHNICIAN

Responsible for inventory, dispensing, and ordering of spare parts covering trucks, heavy earth moving equipment and construction material mixing plants.

Candidates will be tested for:

- a) Knowledge of internal combustion engines.
- b) Ability to use spare parts catalogues.
- c) Accurate handling of detail.
- d) Fluency in English and Hindi language.
- e) General employment prerequisites described below.

### 3. EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

Responsible for secretarial service for the Technical Manager.

Candidates will be tested for:

- a) Typing speed on electric typewriter 60 WPM.
- b) Stenographic speed in English 120 WPM.
- c) Knowledge of organizing and maintenance of an extensive filing system.
- d) Total fluency in English and Hindi language.

### GENERAL EMPLOYMENT PREREQUISITES:

1. Within 6 weeks of completion of present employment contract; and
2. Present employer has given consent, and will give letter of release.

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المملكة العربية السعودية

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m/v SEATRAN AMSTERDAM  
(on 26.6.99 H) 22.5.79

AT DAMMAM PORT

CONSIGNEES ARE KINDLY REQUESTED TO CONTACT:

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Saudi  
Container Services SCS

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Jeddah real estate market  
Dammam Sports City  
OAPEC aid

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**حرب نيوز**  
الناشر: الشركة السعودية للأبحاث والتسويق

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(OPC — SRC)  
**CEMENT**  
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PAGE 16

International

٢٤ جلد الثاني ١٣٩٩ هـ

## Feuding factions agree to resume talks on Cyprus

NICOSIA, May 19 (AP) — U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim announced here Saturday that the Greek and Turkish Cypriot leaders reached agreement on the resumption of the deadlocked Cyprus peace talks June 15.

The 10-point agreement followed two days of intensive and sometimes difficult negotiations

### Botha scoffs at critics of press curbs

JOHANNESBURG, May 19 (AP) — Prime Minister Pieter Botha said Friday that "hysterical screaming" by critics will not deter him from pursuing a proposed press law which prohibits press exposure of government corruption without prior government permission.

Nevertheless, he said, in an interview with the Afrikaans newspaper "Beeld," he was prepared to listen to "good advice" regarding the proposed law, presented to Parliament on Thursday.

"The hysterical screaming now being unleashed will not have the desired effect," he said.

The proposed legislation, referred to as an "anti-rumor mongering law," was presented to Parliament by the white minority government amidst a still-simmering scandal involving scores of millions of dollars in secret government funds used by South Africa's information service for propaganda projects.

Under the proposed law, which should theoretically easily pass in the parliament — the ruling National Party controls 135 of 165 seats — an "advocate general" would be appointed to deal with corruption stories.

between President Spyros Kyprianou, the Greek Cypriot leader, and Raouf Denktash, the Turkish Cypriot leader, under Waldheim's chairmanship. The talks lasted a total of nearly 15 hours.

"I consider the agreement to be a solid basis for the resumption of the talks," Waldheim told a press conference before ending a three-day stay on the war-divided island.

The most important of the ten points appeared to be the one stating the talks would be resumed on the basis of guidelines agreed 26 months previously by the late Cyprus president, Archbishop Makarios and Denktash, as well as "the U.N. resolutions relevant to Cyprus."

The two sides had disagreed on the interpretation of these guidelines, with the Turkish side rejecting their linkage to the relevant U.N. resolutions on Cyprus.

The fundamental point at dispute was that the resolutions' call for the return of "all refugees" to their homes — a development staunchly rejected by the Turkish side.

The Makarios-Denkash guidelines had qualified the return of the refugees "to certain practical difficulties which may arise for the Turkish Cypriot community," — a clause which observers believe will continue to pose problems.

It appeared as if Waldheim had persuaded Denktash to accept the relevance of the U.N. resolutions during the protracted talks.

The agreement said the talks would be "carried out in a continuing and sustained manner, avoiding any delay, and that they would deal with all territorial and constitutional aspects."



LAZY DAZE: A lone lioness dozes in the sun Wednesday draped over the roof of a shelter at a New Jersey game park. (AP photo)

## Crude price may reach \$27 a barrel, Libya says

KUWAIT, May 19 (AP) — Libya's Oil Minister Ezzeddin Mabrouk predicted Saturday that the price of crude oil will reach \$27 a barrel by the end of the year as "a result of the continued imbalance between supply and demand on the world oil market and in view of the huge profits which oil companies continue to reap."

"I expect the price to continue to go up until reaching \$27 per barrel in a short time," he said.

In an interview with the weekly magazine "Al-Yakazah," Mabrouk said the price increases decided by OPEC at Geneva in

March were "extremely slight, and accordingly, further increases in the prices of crude are still necessary in view of the exorbitant profits the oil companies are still reaping by levying prices much higher than those decided by OPEC member states."

"The state of supply and demand permits new substantial hikes in oil prices, and there will be no factor hindering such increases except the humanitarian one," Mabrouk added.

He said Libya is ready to enforce a new oil embargo against Western industrialized countries "to fulfil Arab interests."

## Gulf panel views petrochemical strategy

DOHA, May 19 (AP) — The seven-nation Gulf Organization for Industrial Consulting (GOIC) opened a three-day conference here Saturday to determine a joint strategy for petrochemical production and marketing.

Industry sources said the countries are to pool about \$30 billion for developing infrastructures and machinery for vast petrochemical projects.

Attending the conference were delegations of industrial and economic experts from Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Iraq, Qatar, Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates and Oman.

The countries have significant advantages over the West for the development of petrochemical industries on a competitive basis, said Saudi Arabia's Secretary General of GOIC, Dr. Ali Khalaf.

"The difficult question now facing us is that of marketing," he said. "But we realize that 15 export-oriented petrochemical products can have their place in world markets over the next 15 years. We have entered world markets with chemical fertilizers."

The conference also is to discuss the advisability of integrated basic industries in which the Gulf countries are to share production costs and expertise and avoid duplications and competition.

About 50 per cent of the projects under discussion deal with iron and steel, construction materials and other industries.

The conference noted that some Gulf countries have laid the groundwork for petrochemical plants, with Qatar producing ethylene and low density polyethylene (LDPE). Iraq is to produce ethylene, LDPE, high density polyethylene (HDPE) polyvinyl chloride and caustic soda. Saudi Arabia is to produce quantities of olefine derivatives. Kuwait and the United Arab Emi-

rates plan to set up olefine and perfume plants.

The conference has yet to decide on locations for the proposed projects, size of investment in the various plants, and the economic viability of starting black carbon and complex fertilizer plants.

"We are mainly concerned with projects aimed at diversifying the sources of income for the Gulf states, rather than relying exclusively on income from crude oil sales," said GOIC's Assistant Secretary General Bashir Al-Naeb of

Iraq. "We are preparing for the day when our oil sources are depleted."

Apart from the proposed petrochemical projects, the Gulf countries have allocated about \$23 billion for gas gathering projects.

Most of the gas in these countries is flared and experts said that the burned quantities are sufficient to heat 50 per cent of U.S. homes eight months a year.

Saudi Arabia alone has put aside \$14 billion for a mammoth gas gathering project, mainly in

the Dammam oil-fields, under Aramco management contract.

The conference has recommended petrochemical projects covering ethylene and derivative synthesis gas derivatives, selected aromatic derivatives including benzene, orthoxyl styrene and polystyrene.

"We will not be dissuaded by statistical forecasts that predict limited market opportunities in some parts of the world," Khalaf said. "We have the advantage of available feedstock (natural gas) and the human factor always change statistical predictions. We will be able to produce petrochemical products at competitive prices."

The conference predicted "competition" in Western European markets for products except ammonia, methanol and styrene.

"In order to enter Western European markets, member states will have to demonstrate a source of supply and hence arrangements must be made to secure adequate terminals, storage and distribution facilities in the market area," Khalaf said. "This might be direct investment or through collaboration with a European partner."

The conference also noted that United States markets are "most highly developed in the world" with export-oriented petrochemical industries and available feedstocks.

"The American market traditionally been protected by tariffs so that exports to that market are by no means easy," a conference statement noted.

Studies under discussion showed favorable market opportunities in the Middle East, Africa and Latin America.

## UAE aide denies slump can be called recession

BAHRAIN, May 19 (R) — United Arab Emirates (UAE) financier Abdul Malik al Hamar said Friday economic activity in the country was subdued, but this did not constitute a recession.

Al Hamar, managing director of the UAE currency board, was addressing a two-day conference here of Interarab Cambist Association (ICA), grouping foreign exchange experts.

Al Hamar said there had been a slow-down in economic activity since late 1977 following the government's "corrective" measures against the severe repercussions of oil-fueled expansion.

The slow-down was felt throughout the Gulf reflected particularly in reduced construction activity, reduced growth rate and imports and in more responsible attitude in undertaking new commitments, he said.

But it was incorrect to characterize these trends as a recession, al Hamar said. "The rate of inflation has come down, and a climate of financial stability is being re-

established," he added.

Al Hamar also called for wide-ranging economic cooperation among the Gulf countries and for a closer look at proposals for a common Gulf currency.

Industrialization programs undertaken separately would be ineffective and the projects would be under-utilized, he warned.

Coordination of monetary and financial policies was the first and essential step towards cooperation in trade and development, he said.

Bahrain Finance Minister Ibrahim Abdul Karim, who opened the conference, said that the island had contributed through its financial institutions to be recycling in the Arab world of investment funds exceeding \$11 billion.

Bahrain Monetary Agency (BMA) Director General Abdullah Saif said the Arab countries deposits in Bahrain's offshore banking market had totalled about \$10 billion and they had borrowed almost the same amount from the market.

## Groups urged to disarm

## 17 people arrested in strife-hit Iran town

TEHRAN, May 19 (R) — The chief of police in an Iranian oil town hit by fighting between rival militia groups was arrested Saturday with 16 other "counter-revolutionaries," officials of the local revolutionary committee reported.

The officials in Masjed-Soleyman in the southwestern province of Khuzestan said by

telephone that they had received militia reinforcements from Tehran Friday night to deal with the unrest which broke out Friday.

But they said barricades controlled by "counter-revolutionaries" still divided the town.

At least four people were reported killed in a seven-hour

street battle Friday during which some local militia guards stormed the town's police station and raided its armory.

The violence followed friction between guards of the local revolutionary committee and others sent in to police the town from the nearby city of Dezful.

The "Voice of the Islamic Republic" Radio, meanwhile,

broadcast an order for all armed groups in the Khuzestan port of Khorramshahr to give up their weapons within the next six days.

All the port's revolutionary committees were dissolved last week following clashes between the Arab population and non-Arabs.

The Arab People's Organization in Khorramshahr, however, issued a statement saying its supporters would never put down their arms until the Arabs of Khuzestan had achieved their legal and political rights.

The statement, reported in the Tehran newspaper "Ettela'at," said the "enemies of the Arab people" were trying to enforce a general disarmament in the city.

"Even if our arms are taken away, we will remain armed with our faith — in God, the Arab race and the Islamic revolution under the leadership of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini," the group declared.

The oil-rich province of Khuzestan is the home of Iran's Arab minority between the Iraqi border and the Gulf, and is the latest region to demand autonomy from the central government.

Ayatollah Khomeini, Iran's unofficial head of state, complained Saturday that "agents of Savak (the exiled Shah's now-disbanded secret police) and deviated people have the mission of not letting this country remain calm. They are creating trouble in various areas and among various ethnic minorities."

## Vance flies to London

## U.S., U.K. to begin Rhodesia talks

WASHINGTON, May 19 (Agencies) — U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance flies to London Sunday hoping to shape a joint approach to the thorny subject of Rhodesia with the new British government.

The talks beginning on Monday with British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, will be broad-ranging and are customary soon after a change of government on either side of the Atlantic.

But the meeting has been given added urgency by a series of recent developments concerning Rhodesia, and how to proceed with regard to Salisbury's newly-elected government will be Vance's number one priority.

Britain's Conservative Party made no secret during the election campaign which brought it to power at the beginning of this month that it wants to lift trade sanctions against its former col-

ony, which declared unilateral independence 14 years ago.

Similar sentiments have swept through Congress since Rhodesia held the April 17-21 vote which elected the country's first-ever black government.

On Tuesday, in a stinging rebuff of the administration's previous handling of the Rhodesia issue, the Senate voted 75-19 to urge President Jimmy Carter to lift economic sanctions.

Meanwhile, in London, observers sent to the Rhodesian elections by Britain's Conservative Party report the poll was "fair and as free as possible" considering the country is at war, the Lord Privy Seal, Sir Ian Gilmour, told the House of Commons Friday.

The observers' findings — favorable toward Rhodesia's new black-dominated administration — were announced as high commissioners, or ambassadors, to

Britain from the largely African and Asian British Commonwealth conferred here and reiterated their view the elections were an "exercise in mass deception."

In Houston, Texas, U.N. Ambassador Andrew Young and guerrilla leader Joshua Nkomo were to hold private talks today on U.S. Rhodesia policy, now at a critical juncture following the Senate vote to lift sanctions against the country.

Nkomo, co-leader of the Patriotic Front guerrillas battling Salisbury's internal settlement, and Young arrived in Houston Friday for a conference of the African-American Institute.

In a television interview Friday night, Nkomo said his people would continue to fight until Rhodesia had "genuine majority rule," and that the U.S. had no right to lift sanctions until the United Nations did so.

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